GETTYSBURG COMPILER.

By H. J. Stahle.

GETTYSBURG, PA., NOVEMBER 25, 1870.

53d Year—No. 9.

DODGE'S
PATENT
[R]EAPER AND MOWER,
AND SELF-RAKER.

[Th]is machine has met with the most com[plet]e success. In every section where it [ha]s been introduced, it has taken precedence [ove]r those machines which have heretofore [rank]ed as first class. It is a perfect self-raker [and] a superior mower.

[A] careful examination will convince any [one] of its superior merits over all others, in [simp]licity, strength and durability. As a self-[raki]ng reaper it has no equal to our knowl[edge].

[The] Dodge Rake is attached to no other ma[chin]e in the United States except to this ma[chin]e. Built by the Dodge & Stevenson Man[ufac]turing Company, Auburn, New York.

[RE]AD THE NOTICE OF THE COMPANY.

[T]O OUR AGENTS.—Having been informed [that] certain manufacturers in Ohio and else[whe]re are building Reapers with Dodge's Self-[Rake] attached, we ask you to have a caution [to] all persons vending or purchasing [such] machines, as we have never licensed [any] person or persons to manufacture said [Rak]e, or any part thereof, and will pros[ecu]te to the full extent of the law, all persons [man]ufacturing, selling or using said Self-[Rake], except of our own manufacture.
JOHN A. DODGE, Pres't.

[W]e have that confidence in this machine [that] we are willing to let those wanting a [mac]hine test it with any other machine they [may] wish, and keep the one that gives the [best] satisfaction.

[Fa]rmers wanting Droppers attached, can [be a]ccommodated.

[Fo]r the benefit of those wanting machines, [we] would refer them to a few of those to [who]m we have sold, viz:

[...]is Culp, Peter Mickley,
[...] B. Leas, Wm. Fickes,
[...] D. Newman, Ebe'la Penrose,
[...]ge F. Minter, John Leatherman,
[...]liam Wyerbright, Lyman Lady,
[...]d Plank, Jonathan Wisler,
[...] Hockersmith, James Mickley,
[...] Kittinger, Daniel Seitz,
[...]ry Shriver, John Lender,
[...]nah Shriver, John Feiser,
[...] Hunter, Henry King,
[...] Tower, Andrew Weikert,
[...] N. Sowers, J. J. Kerr,
[...] Philips.

[...] SECOND HAND REAPERS on hand [...] Wm. Wood HAY RAKES, in different [...], amongst which is the GRANGER [...]; PLOUGHS, of different kinds; [THR]ESHER AND SEPARATOR, one of the [best] in operation in the county; [...]ESHER, FANNING MILL, and [FAR]M IMPLEMENTS generally.

[Pers]ons wishing to examine machines will [find] them at the warehouse of Joseph Wible, [in] Gettysburg, Pa., or at the residence of [the] subscriber, 2 miles from Gettysburg, on [Harri]sburg road.

[...] CONSTANTLY ON HAND, in [...]. Persons wanting circulars [...] address the subscriber, Gettysburg, [...].
WM. WIBLE, Agent.
[...] 5, 1870. tf

[W]ILLIAM CHRITZMAN,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
Carpenter & Contractor.

Having removed to my new shop
Washington street, between Middle and Chambersburg streets,

[and int]roduced Steam Power, I am prepared [to] finish all kinds of work for building pur[poses] of the best material, also as neatly and [as cheap] as it can be done at any other estab[lishme]nt in the county. Experienced hands [employe]d and work executed with [prompt]ness and dispatch.

[Th]ankful for past favors, I hope by at[tention] to business, to receive a liberal share [of pu]blic patronage.
[...] 1870. tf

GREAT RUSH!

[GIL]BERT & ELLIOTT'S STORE,
IN GETTYSBURG.

[We ha]ve received last week and a large quantity [of] Dry Goods, Notions, Queensware and [...] taken.

[...] It is well known, but have thus [...] by the U. S. Greenbacks in [...] persons who took the goods are very [...] the goods for their money, than they could [...] at any other store.

COME ONE! COME ALL!!

[...] examine our large assortment of

GINGHAMS, LAWNS, BERAGES, ALPACAS, &c.;

[...]S, CASSIMERS, TWEEDS, JEANS, VESTINGS, &c.

[...]s, Notions, Glassware, Queens[ware] [...] everything [...]

[...] the place opposite the Court [...] Low Prices and Small Profits.
[...] 1870. tf

[HA]RDWARE AND GROCERIES.

[The sub]scribers have just returned from the [cities] with an immense supply of

[H]ARDWARE & GROCERIES,

[which they are] offering at their old stand, in [Baltimore] street, at prices to suit the times. [Our stock] consists in part of

[BUILDI]NG MATERIALS,
[CARP]ENTER'S TOOLS,
BLACKSMITH'S TOOLS,
COACH FINDINGS,
[FI]NDINGS,
[SHOE]MAKER'S TOOLS,
HOUSEKEEPER'S FIXTURES,
ALL KINDS OF IRON, &c.
[GROCE]RIES OF ALL KINDS,
OILS, PAINTS, &c., &c.

[There i]s an article included in the several [departm]ents mentioned above but what can [be had at] this store. Every class of Mechanics [can be] accommodated here with tools and [findings], and Housekeepers can find every ar[ticle] in their line. Give us a call as we are [prepared] to sell as low for cash as any house [in the] county.
JOEL B. DANNER,
DAVID ZIEGLER.
[Gettys]burg, May 15, 1868.

NEW GOODS!
New Firm, at Arendtsville.

[The ne]w firm of Cover & Raffensperger of[fer to] the people of Arendtsville and sur[roundin]g country, a clean, new, choice

GOODS, GROCERIES,
[QUEE]NSWARE, HARDWARE, &c.,

[whi]ch they are selling at the smallest [profits]. The assortment is large and varied, [and they] will suit all wants and tastes. [They will do] their best to please, and ask a [...] examine goods and prices.
COVER & RAFFENSPERGER.
[...] a lot of good Chestnut Rails for
[...] 1870. tf

[H]OWE MACHINES!
[THE] BEST IMPROVED AND GENUINE
ELIAS HOWE, JR.,
SEWING MACHINES.
[...]B F. THOMAS, Agent,
GETTYSBURG, PA.

[...] located at [...] will promptly attend to [...] orders in the county and [...]

[...] public are cautioned [...] the name of HOWE in a machine [...] machines or a sewing machine [...] of the popu[lar] [...] Howe Machines. There are none [...] unless they have embedded in each [...] a medallion having the likeness of [Elias] HOWE, Jr., on it, &c.
[...] 1870. tf

[FA]RM IMPLEMENTS.
WILLOUGHBY'S
[GU]M SPRING DRILL.

[The be]st Drill in use, will sow all kinds of [grain] without changing any part of the [drill.]

[...] finish them with or without the GUANO ATTACHMENT. [...] to do good work. Also, the

[Ha]rrisburg Fanning Mill,

[...] New York. Equally as good as those [...] sold in this county.
[...]TORS AND THRESHERS, CLOVER [HU]LLERS, STEEL PLOUGHS, &C.,
FARMING IMPLEMENTS GENERALLY.
WM. WIBLE.
[...] 1868.

[NE]W INVENTION,
AND ONE OF THE BEST.
IMPROVEMENT IN
[SAW]ING MACHINES.

[The u]ndersigned has obtained a patent [from t]he United States for an [IMPROV]EMENT IN SAWING MACHINES, [and h]e desires to draw public attention [to it. It is desig]ned for the sawing of cord wood, [...] three pieces at one operation. [...] one is turned by hand, and one man [can] cut six cords of wood in a day with [...] the power is required, any boy be[ing able] to turn it. Added to these advanta[ges the m]achine is strong and durable, and [not apt] to get out of order. Nothing more [valuable] in its way has yet been introduced. [...] or Townships in Adams county for [sale] [appl]y to or address
NOAH F. HERSH,
Round Hill P. O., Adams co., Pa.
[...] 1869. tf

THE GETTYSBURG COMPILER
IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY,
BY H. J. STAHLE.

TERMS.—TWO DOLLARS per annum in advance—TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS if not paid in advance. No subscription discontinued, unless at the option of the publisher, until all arrearages are paid.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the usual rates—Large reduction to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING, of every description—from the smallest label or card to the largest handbill or poster—done with dispatch, in a workmanlike manner, and at the lowest living rates.

OFFICE on Baltimore street, a few doors above the Court-House, on the opposite side, with "Gettysburg Compiler Office" on the building.

Attornies, Physicians, &c.

WILLIAM M'CLEAN. H. B. WOODS.
McCLEAN & WOODS,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA. Office on Baltimore street same heretofore occupied by the late firm of M. & W. McClean. Nov. 18, 1870. tf

EDWARD B. BUEHLER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Will faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to him. He speaks the German language. Office at the same place, in South Baltimore street, near Hubers drug store, and nearly opposite Danner & Ziegler's store. Gettysburg, March 20.

JOHN M. KRAUTH,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Gettysburg, Pa. Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Office on Baltimore street, south of the Court-house. July 16, 1869. tf

D. McCONAUGHY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, office one door west of Buehler's Drug Store, Chambersburg st. Special attention given to suits, collection and settlement of estates. All legal business and claims to Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, and Damages against United States, at all times, promptly and efficiently attended to. Land Warrants located, and choice Farms for sale in Iowa and other Western States. July 16, 1869. tf

WM. A. DUNCAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him. Office in North-west corner of the Diamond, Gettysburg, Penn'a. April 11, 1867. tf

J. C. NEELY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW. Particular attention paid to collection of Pensions, Bounty, and Back-pay. Office in Carlisle street, three doors from the Square. Gettysburg, April 22, 1870. tf

Dr. J. W. C. O'NEAL'S
OFFICE AND DWELLING, A few doors from the N. E. corner of Baltimore and High streets, near the Presbyterian Church, Gettysburg, Pa. April 11, 1867.

Dr. W. J. McCLURE,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR, Having permanently located in New Oxford, will practice his profession in all its branches. His friends and all others desiring his professional services are requested to call and consult him at his office, in Hanover street. May 29, 1867. tf

Dr. F. C. WOLF,
HAVING LOCATED AT EAST BERLIN, ADAMS COUNTY, Hopes that by strict attention to his professional duties he may merit a share of the public patronage. April 1, 1866. tf

Dr. H. S. HUBER,
S. E. CORNER CHAMBERSBURG and WASHINGTON Streets, opposite Eagle Hotel. May 11, 1866. tf

Dr. J. L. BAIR,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, MIDDLETOWN, Adams county, Pa. Office in Centre Square. Will promptly attend to all calls, unless otherwise professionally engaged. Nov 7, 1866. tf

Dr. J. E. BERKSTRESSER,
DENTIST, having located in Gettysburg, offers his services to the public. Office in the southeast corner of the Diamond, where he will be prepared to attend to any case within the province of the Dentist. Persons in want of full or partial sets of teeth are invited to call. Terms reasonable. Nov. 11, 1870. tf

J. LAWRENCE HILL, M. D.,
DENTIST. Has his office one door west of the Lutheran Church in Chambersburg street and opposite Dr. C. Horner's office, where those wishing to have any Dental Operation performed are respectfully invited to call. REFERENCES: Dr. Horner, Rev. Prof. M. Jacobs, D. D. Gettysburg, April 11, '63.

WATCHES!! WATCHES!!

LEWIS STROUSE is largely engaged in the Watch trade, and has just returned from New York with an unusually attractive assortment. He offers such bargains as cannot fail to be acceptable to buyers. His stock embraces a large lot of the

CELEBRATED "AMERICAN WATCHES,"
GOLD AND SILVER, viz:

"P. S. Bartlett," "Wm. Ellery," and "Appleton & Tracy,"

with Watches of almost all other makes.

If you want CHEAP and GOOD Watches call on

LEWIS STROUSE,
At his old stand, Carlisle street, nearly opposite the Depot, Gettysburg, Pa.

He continues the Grocery, Notion and Confectionary business, as heretofore.
June 21, 1867. tf

SAVE YOUR HORSES!

Patent Elastic Cork Horse Collars.

THE undersigned has for sale those CELEBRATED COLLARS, manufactured by Hunt & Perry, Philadelphia, which are now used by all the City Passenger Railroad Companies for the protection of their stock. They are lighter in weight, absorb no moisture, and do not heat. The Cork with which they are stuffed being very elastic, the Collar adjusts to the shape of the animal, and consequently does not chafe. Farmers, try them. Also,

HARNESS

of all kinds for sale and made to order. Call at my establishment on Carlisle street, Gettysburg, Pa., adjoining the Passenger Depot.
May 27, 1870. tf JOHN CULP.

NEW BUSINESS.

Upholstering and Trimming.

WILLIAM E. CULP has opened an establishment opposite Weaver's Livery Stable, in Washington street, for COVERING SOFAS, CHAIRS, MATTRESSES, &c. Upholstering in all its branches. He also continues his old business of TRIMMING BUGGIES, CARRIAGES, &c., and solicits from the public their patronage. Charges moderate.
WILLIAM E. CULP.
Gettysburg, Dec. 11, 1868. tf

A GREAT OFFER.

HORACE WATERS,
481 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,
Will dispose of ONE HUNDRED PIANOS, MELODEONS and ORGANS of six first class makers, including Chickering & Sons, AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES FOR CASH, DURING THIS MONTH, or will take from $5 to $25 monthly until paid. June 10, 1870. 3m

$1,000 REWARD

For any case of Blind, Bleeding or Itching PILES that DE BING'S PILE REMEDY fails to cure. It has cured cases of 20 years standing. Try it, and get rid of the most troublesome disease flesh is heir to. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. John [...], 15 Franklin st., Baltimore, Md. May 27, 1870. 1y

Sale Crying.

A. W. FLEMMING continues the business of SALE CRYING, and solicits the continued patronage of the public. It is his constant endeavor to give satisfaction. Charges moderate. Residence in West Middle street, Gettysburg.
P. S. He is a licensed Auctioneer, under the Tax Law of the United States.
Nov. 21, 1862.

LONGEST ROOF.

In the United States is on Black's Son's Factory, Easton, Pa.—one third of a mile long—and is covered with
READY ROOFING,
CHEAP, DURABLE and easily applied. Send for circular and samples to the manufacturers.
READY ROOFING CO.,
No. 64 Courtland St., New York.
June 10, 1870. 1y

Cemetery Removals.

BEING the Keeper, the undersigned is authorized to make removals into Evergreen Cemetery, and hopes that such as contemplate the removal of the remains of deceased relatives or friends will avail themselves of this season of the year to have it done. Removals made with promptness—terms low, and no effort spared to please.
PETER THORN,
March 12, 1860. Keeper of the Cemetery.

Licensed Conveyancer.

H. G. WOLF will attend to the WRITING OF DEEDS, BONDS, AGREEMENTS, MORTGAGES, &c., and to the making out of DAMAGE CLAIMS, with accuracy. Anything entrusted to him will be promptly attended to. Office in the Clerk of the Courts' office, Gettysburg, Pa.
Nov 6, 1868. tf

Baltimore Lock Hospital.

DR. JOHNSTON.

Physician of this celebrated Institution, has Discovered the most Certain, Speedy, Pleasant and Effectual Remedy in the World for all

DISEASES OF IMPRUDENCE,

Weakness of the Back or Limbs, Strictures, Affection of the Kidneys or Bladder, Involuntary Discharges, Impotency, General Debility, Nervousness, Dyspepsia, Languor, Low Spirits, Confusion of Ideas, Palpitation of the Heart, Timidity, Trembling, Dimness of Sight or Giddiness, Disease of the Head, Throat, Nose or Skin, Affections of the Liver, Lungs, Stomach or Bowels—those terrible Disorders arising from Solitary Habits of Youth—secret and solitary practices more fatal to their victims than the song of the Syrens to the Mariners of Ulysses, blighting their most brilliant hopes or anticipations, rendering marriage, &c., impossible.

YOUNG MEN

Especially, who have become the Victims of Solitary Vice, that dreadful and destructive habit which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of young men of the most exalted talents and brilliant intellect, who might otherwise have entranced listening Senates with the thunders of eloquence, or waked to ecstacy the living lyre, may call with full confidence.

MARRIAGE.

Married persons, or Young Men contemplating marriage, aware of Physical Weakness (Loss of Procreative Power—Impotency), Nervous Excitability, Palpitation, Organic Weakness, Nervous Debility, or any other Disqualification, speedily relieved.

He who places himself under the care of Dr. J., may religiously confide in his honor as a gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a physician.

ORGANIC WEAKNESS,
IMPOTENCY, LOSS OF POWER,

Immediately Cured and Full Vigor Restored. This distressing Affection—which renders life miserable and marriage impossible—is the penalty paid by the victims of Improper Indulgences. Young persons are too apt to commit excesses from not being aware of the dreadful consequences that may ensue. Now, who that understands the subject will pretend to deny that the power of procreation is lost sooner by those falling into improper habits, than by the prudent? Besides being deprived of the pleasures of healthy offspring, the most serious and destructive symptoms of both body and mind arise. The system becomes deranged, the Physical and Mental Functions weakened, loss of Procreative Power, Nervous Irritability, Dyspepsia, Palpitation of the Heart, Indigestion, Constitutional Debility and Wasting of the Frame, Cough, Consumption, Decay and Death.

A CURE WARRANTED IN TWO DAYS.
Relief in Six Hours! No Mercury!

Persons Ruined by Ignorant, Trifling Pretenders and their Deadly Poisons, should apply immediately.

DR. JOHNSTON,

Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, Graduate of one of the most eminent Colleges in the United States, and the greater part of whose life has been spent in the hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia and elsewhere, has effected some of the most astonishing cures that were ever known; many troubled with ringing in the head and ears when asleep, great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, bashfulness, with frequent blushing, attended sometimes with derangement of mind, were cured immediately.

TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.

Dr. J., addresses all those who have injured themselves by improper indulgence and solitary habits, which ruin both body and mind, unfitting them for either business, study, society or marriage.

These are some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by the early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsia, Nervous Irritability, Derangement of the Digestive Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Consumption, &c.

MENTALLY.—The fearful effects on the mind are much to be dreaded. Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Depression of Spirits, Evil Forebodings, Aversion to Society, Self-Distrust, Love of Solitude, Timidity, &c., are some of the evils produced.

Thousands of persons of all ages can now judge the cause of their declining health, losing their vigor, becoming weak, pale, nervous and emaciated, having a singular appearance about the eyes, cough and symptoms of consumption.

YOUNG MEN

who have injured themselves by a certain practice, indulged in when alone, a habit frequently learned from evil companions or at school, the effects of which are nightly felt, even when asleep, and if not cured, renders marriage impossible, and destroys both mind and body, should apply immediately.

What a pity that a young man, the hope of his country, the pride of his parents, should be snatched from all prospects and enjoyments of life by the consequence of deviating from the path of nature, and indulging in a certain secret habit. Such persons must, before contemplating

MARRIAGE,

Reflect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote connubial happiness. Indeed, without these the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage, the prospect hourly darkens to the view, the mind becomes shadowed with despair, and filled with the melancholy reflection that the happiness of another is blighted with our own.

DISEASE OF IMPRUDENCE.

When the misguided and imprudent votary of pleasure finds that he has imbibed the seeds of this painful disease, it too often happens that an ill-timed sense of shame or dread of discovery deters him from applying to those who, from education and respectability, can alone befriend him, delaying till the constitutional symptoms of this horrid disease make their appearance, such as ulcerated sore throat, diseased nose, nocturnal pains in the head and limbs, dimness of sight, deafness, nodes on the shin bones and arms, blotches on the head, face and extremities, progressing with frightful rapidity, till at last the palate of the mouth or the bones of the nose fall in, and the victim of this awful disease becomes a horrid object of commiseration, till death puts a period to his dreadful sufferings, by sending him to "that undiscovered country from whence no traveller returns."

It is a melancholy fact that thousands DIE victims to this terrible disease, through falling into the hands of ignorant or unskillful PRETENDERS, who, by the use of that deadly Poison, Mercury, &c., destroy the constitution, and incapable of curing, keep the unhappy sufferer month after month taking their noxious or injurious compounds, and instead of being restored to a renewal of Life, Vigor and Happiness, in despair leave him with ruined Health to sigh over his galling disappointment.

To such, therefore, Dr. JOHNSTON pledges himself to preserve the most inviolable Secrecy, and from his extensive practice and observations in the great Hospitals of Europe and the first in this country, viz: England, France, Philadelphia, and elsewhere, is enabled to offer the most Certain, Speedy and Effectual Remedy in the World for all Diseases of Imprudence.

DR. JOHNSTON,
OFFICE No. 7 S. FREDERICK STREET
BALTIMORE, MD.,

Left hand side going from Baltimore street, a few doors from the corner. Fail not to observe name and number.

No letters received unless post-paid and containing a stamp to be used on the reply. Persons writing should state age, and send a portion of advertisement describing symptoms.

There are so many Paltry, Designing and Worthless Impostors advertising themselves as Physicians, trifling with and ruining the health of all who unfortunately fall into their power, that Dr. Johnston deems it necessary to say especially to those unacquainted with his reputation that his credentials or Diplomas always hang in his office.

ENDORSEMENT OF THE PRESS.

The many thousands cured at this Establishment, year after year, and the numerous important Surgical Operations performed by Dr. Johnston, witnessed by the representatives of the press and many other persons, notices of which have appeared again and again before the public, besides his standing as a gentleman of character and responsibility, is sufficient guarantee to the afflicted.

SKIN DISEASES SPEEDILY CURED.
March 18, 1870. 1y

REMOVAL! REMOVAL!

Robert D. Armor,
GAS FITTER, PLUMBER AND BELL HANGER,
Can be found at his residence on the Corner of East Middle and Stratton Streets
GETTYSBURG, PA.

WILL promptly attend to all orders in his line. Work done in the most satisfactory manner, and at prices as low as can possibly be afforded to make a living.

GAS PIPE furnished, as well as Chandeliers, Brackets, Drop Lights, &c.; also WATER PIPE, Stops, Top and Frost Spigots, and, in short, everything belonging to gas or water fixtures.

Bells hung, and furnished if desired. Locks of all kinds repaired.
May 6, 1870. tf

Farmers, Attend to Your Interests.

GETTYSBURG FOUNDRY.

THE subscriber would inform his customers and others, that he is still manufacturing various kinds of castings and Machines, made to order, on short notice, such as

THRESHERS AND POWERS,
(five different sizes of Powers,) CLOVER-SEED HULLERS AND CLEANERS, CORN SHELLERS AND SEPARATORS, CORN-FODDER CUTTERS, STRAW AND HAY CUTTERS; CORN PLANTERS;
PLOUGHS,
such as Cast Ploughs, Barshear Ploughs, Sidehill and Corn Ploughs; the
WIRE-SPRING HORSE RAKE,
the latest improvement.
He will likewise manufacture
MOWERS AND REAPERS,
METAL SCREWS for Cider Presses,
IRON RAILING for Cemeteries or Porches, with everything else in his line, all at low rates.
April 29, 1869. tf DAVID STERNER.

WESTERN LANDS.

I HAVE some valuable WESTERN LANDS, which I will trade for one or more FARMS in this county. The lands are well located, and very desirable for farming. Early application desired.
J. BRINKERHOFF.
Gettysburg, April 3, 1865. tf

NEW STORE!

SWEITZER & BRO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS
IN
Hardware, Queensware, Groceries, &c.,
Carlisle St., near the Railroad,
GETTYSBURG, PA.

HARDWARE

Includes Builders' Hardware generally, Nails, Glass, Oils, Paints, Varnishes, Paint Brushes, &c. We call the attention of

CABINET-MAKERS

to our assortment of Coffin Trimmings, embracing Plates, Handles, Screws, Laces and Hinges.

HOUSE-KEEPERS

are invited to examine our stock of Knives, Forks, Spoons, Buckets, Tubs, &c., &c.

GROCERIES,

such as Coffees, Sugars, Teas, Syrups, Soaps, &c.—all of which we will constantly keep on hand, for sale at prices equally as low as can be purchased elsewhere.

Call and see the NEW STORE!
SWEITZER & BRO.
Gettysburg, April 22, 1870. tf

CHEAP! CHEAP!

For Cash!

DOWN TO OLD LOW PRICES!

GEO. F. KALBFLEISCH,
(NEXT DOOR TO THE POST OFFICE,)

HAS just returned from the City with a new stock of

GROCERIES,

SUCH AS
SUGARS AND COFFEES OF ALL GRADES, SYRUPS, MOLASSES,
THE IMPORTED WINE VINEGAR,
Rice, Barley, Split Peas, Dried Fruit; Switzer, Limburger and English Cheese; Tea, Cucumber Pickles, Soaps, Candles; Tobaccos and fine Segars. Also, an assortment of
GLASS AND QUEENS-WARE,
Lamps, Tops, and Chimneys, Stoneware, Wooden-ware, Buckets, Brushes, Brooms, &c. Also, a lot of the finest
SUGAR-CURED HAMS,
Shoulders, Side-meat and Dried Beef. Likewise a full stock of

LIQUORS,

of all kinds, Port, Madeira, and Sherry Wines, Rhine Wine, and our own Adams County Grape Wine, also Cider; Brandys, Whiskeys, Gins; Old Rye of the best quality; Rainer's, Husbey's and German Bitters.

All Sold Low for Cash!

Here is the place to buy cheap! Don't forget to call—next door to the Post Office, in Baltimore street.
April 15, 1870. tf

D. M'CREARY. JOHN F. M'CREARY.

"Best always Cheapest."

THE Best and Cheapest

SADDLES,
BRIDLES,
COLLARS and
HARNESS of all kinds, in the County, are always to be found at the old and well known stand, Baltimore st., opposite the Presbyterian Church—

McCREARYS'.

Our Riding and Wagon Saddles
are the most substantially built and neatest.
Our Harness, (plain and silver mounted,) are complete in every respect and warranted to be of the very best material and workmanship.
Our upper leather Draft Collars
CANNOT BE BEAT. They are the best FITTING and most durable.
Our Heavy Draft Harness
are made to order, as cheap as they can be made any where and in the most substantial manner.
Riding Bridles, Whips, Lashes, Draft Hames, Fly-nets, and everything in the line. None better or cheaper.
Our prices
have been REDUCED to the lowest living standard.
A liberal percentage for cash, off all bills amounting to $5 or more.
We work nothing but the best stock and will warrant every article turned out to be as represented.
Thankful for past favors we invite attention to our present stock.
Give us a call and examine PRICES and QUALITY.
McCREARY & SON.
Jan. 21, 1868. tf

KISSINGER & CO.,

NO. 2 WEST MARKET STREET,
YORK, PA.,
AGENTS AND DEALERS IN
PIANOS, CABINET ORGANS, MELODEONS
AND ALL KINDS OF
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,
respectfully inform the public that they are prepared to furnish Pianos of the following manufacture or of any other make that may be preferred:

Albright, Reikes & Schmidt, Chickering & Son, Bradbury, Knabe & Son. Gale & Son.

ESTEY'S CELEBRATED
COTTAGE, HARMONIC AND BOUDOIR
ORGANS AND MELODEONS.

These Instruments stand unrivalled by anything found in this country or in Europe, as is admitted by all impartial judges. The most eminent Pipe Organ Builders and Performers, the last to discover excellence in reed Tone, pronounced them vastly superior to all others for exceedingly quick articulation and round Tone, the essential feature in instruments of this class. We invite the severest scrutiny and criticism at all.

PATENT VOX HUMANA TREMOLO.
This late and most wonderful invention (so acknowledged by all leading artists) will be found only in the Estey Instruments. In attempting to describe the effect of this stop, we are at loss for language. Its beauties cannot be written, but must be heard to be appreciated. By this stop an ordinary performer can produce an effect which requires a life time of practice for an artist upon a violin. It entirely changes the reed Tone, giving the sympathetic sweetness of the human voice, making it so melodious and pure that it never fails to enchant the listener.

THE HARMONIC ORGAN
for Churches, Public Halls and Parlors has a powerful sub-Bass with independent reeds, Harmonic attachment and Vox Humana Tremolo, and is believed to be the most powerful reed organ made, being nearly equal to a Pipe Organ of three times the cost.

All instruments warranted for five years.
BRASS BANDS supplied with Instruments and music at reasonable terms.
A liberal discount allowed for Churches and Sabbath schools.
Instructions given both in Vocal and Instrumental Music, at our rooms, and at pupils' homes, either to individuals or classes, on reasonable terms.
Dec. 17, 1869. tf

WM. BOYER & SON,

DEALERS IN
GROCERIES, NOTIONS,
TOBACCOS, &C.,
ALSO,
Stone, Wooden and Willow Ware.
A General Assortment of all Goods
usually kept in a
FIRST-CLASS FAMILY GROCERY.
Jan. 10, 1870. tf

WHEAT WANTED.

The undersigned will pay the HIGHEST PRICE for GOOD WHEAT, at "GLENWOOD MILLS," (formerly McIlhenny's,) on Marsh creek, in Highland township, Adams county.
GEORGE GINGELL.
Dec. 18, 1868. tf

Notice to Creditors.

Notice is hereby given to all persons indebted, either by note or book account, to the firm of J. & E. Miller, of Mountpleasant township, Adams county, or to John Miller, late of Mountpleasant township, that full settlement must be made on or before the FIRST DAY OF JANUARY, 1871.

If settlement is not made on or before that time, these notes and accounts will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection.
JOHN F. FELTY, Administrator of John Miller, deceased.

The notes and book accounts of J. & E. Miller will be found with E. Miller, at his Store, in Mountpleasant township. The notes payable to John Miller, now deceased, will be found with John F. Felty, in Straban township.
August 19, 1870. 3m

NOW FOR BARGAINS!

Ready-made Clothing,
FOR FALL AND WINTER.

PICKING & CO.,

Have just received from the city the LARGEST STOCK of Ready-made Clothing, ever opened in Gettysburg, consisting of

BEAVER AND OTHER OVERCOATS, DRESS AND BUSINESS COATS, PANTS, VESTS,

White Shirts Woolen Shirts, Buckskin, Kid and other Gloves, Blankets, Buffalo Robes, Horse Blankets, Clocks, Trunks, Valises, &c. Also the latest styles of

HATS, AND CAPS,

for Men and Boys. Neck Ties, Cravats, Musical Instruments, Umbrellas and Notions of every variety. Also a large lot of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

of superior quality. Our Ready-made Clothing has been made expressly for this market, of the latest styles, the best goods, and by experienced workmen. Persons wanting Bargains, will do well to call and examine our Stock in Chambersburg Street, opposite Buehler's Drug-Store, before purchasing elsewhere.
Oct. 28, 1870. tf PICKING & CO.

NEW GROCERY.

HAVING purchased from Mr. Amos Eckert his Grocery Establishment, on the north-west corner of Centre Square, GETTYSBURG, PA., and laid in

A New Stock of Goods,

I respectfully invite my friends and the public to give me a call. In addition to a large stock of

GROCERIES, NOTIONS, &c., &c.,

I will keep constantly on hand the best quality of

QUEENSWARE, FIRE PROOF AND GLASS-WARE,

Fruits, Confectionaries, &c., all of which will be sold at the lowest cash rates.
H. H. BEAMER.
June 21, 1870. tf

Fall & Winter Importation 1870.

RIBBONS,
Millinery and Straw Goods.
ARMSTRONG, CATOR & CO.
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF
Bonnet Trimmings & Velvet Ribbons,
BONNET SILKS, SATINS AND VELVETS, BLONDS, NETS, CRAPES, RUCHES, FLOWERS, FEATHERS, ORNAMENTS,
STRAW BONNETS AND LADIES' HATS,
TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED,
SHAKER HOODS, &c.
237 and 239 BALTIMORE STREET,
BALTIMORE, MD.,

Offer the largest Stock to be found in this Country, and unequalled in choice variety and cheapness, comprising the latest Parisian novelties.
Orders solicited, and prompt attention given.
Aug. 26, 1870. 3m

WM. J. MARTIN,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

GROCERIES AND LIQUORS.

A LARGE LOT OF

GROCERIES,

that I am selling cheap for CASH.

CHOICE LIQUORS.

OLD RYE WHISKEY, EIGHT YEARS OLD
VERY OLD FRENCH BRANDY,
ALL OTHER KINDS OF LIQUORS.

A general assortment of Bitters, among which is

"MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS."

April 29, 1869. tf

THIS WAY!

BOOT AND SHOE MAKING.

THE undersigned continues the Boot and Shoe Making business,

IN CARLISLE STREET, NEAR THE DEPOT
GETTYSBURG,

where he is at all times prepared to execute work in his line in the most satisfactory manner.

BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS,
FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN,

made of the best materials and unsurpassed workmanship—and at prices that will only allow living profits. A continued share of public patronage solicited.
JOHN M. REILLING.
Dec. 17, 1869. tf

GRAIN WANTED.

WHEAT, RYE, CORN, AND OATS

wanted at BREAM'S MILL, on Marsh Creek.

The highest cash prices paid for good grain.

C. P. BREAM.
Sept. 2, 1870. 1y

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTING.

The undersigned continues HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTING, and asks a share of public patronage. His work speaks for itself, and he invites general attention to it. Work done in town or country. Shop on North Washington street, opposite Weaver's Livery, Gettysburg. R. H. DOYLE.
Sept. 2, 1870. 6m

1870. 1870.
SPRING AND SUMMER,
Noah Walker & Co.,
WASHINGTON BUILDING,
Nos. 165 and 167 West Baltimore Street,
BALTIMORE, MD.
Large and Peremptory Sale of
MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING.
A Good Cassimere Suit from $7 to $12.

We have stocked our Retail Department with a full line of Mens', Boys', and Childrens' Suits, at prices to suit all classes of buyers.

SPRING OVERCOATS
at from $7, $9, $10 and $11 to $14.
CUSTOM DEPARTMENT.
Cloths, Cassimeres, and Vestings, in large variety to select from for measure.
Full Line of Men's and Boys'
FURNISHING GOODS,
165, WEST BALTIMORE STREET. 167
April 1, 1870.

WILLIAM REED,

Sale Crier and Auctioneer,
BENDERSVILLE, ADAMS CO., PA.,

OFFERS his services to the public, and asks a share of patronage, convinced that he will give satisfaction to all who may employ him. Charges moderate.
Dec. 24, 1869. tf

A GENERATION BACK.

We are apt to think the present times
Are sadly out of joint,
To sigh, and then toward ages past
The reverent finger point!
Of model husbands, model wives,
Say we there was no lack—
Of manners, moral pride and worth,
A generation back!

The girls were modest, neat and fair,
The boys were brave and true!
They labored on from sun to sun,
With joys and pleasures few!
The children went to bed at dark,
And seemed to have the knack
Of being seen and never heard,
A generation back!

And thus it is from age to age,
And thus 'twill ever be;
The scenes enacted long ago,
With partial eyes we see,
Our offspring in the years to come
Will tread the beaten track,
And praise the conduct of their sires
A generation back!

THE DOUBLE ELOPEMENT.

A TRUE STORY.

The little village of E—— was one of the many mining towns in the interior of California, and in this little village dwelt Dr. Hammond and his family. They were noted for their kind hospitality, and for the interest they took in the affairs of the village.

So it very often happened that their only daughter, Artie, was the belle of many social parties. There it was that she repeatedly met a young man by the name of Charles Bavy, and his fancy for Miss Artie's face, blue eyes, and dark brown curls, kept him constantly by her side.

But what I was going to tell you was this—that the doctor had made up his mind to spend the summer up near Lake Tahoe, so that he could have a fine time hunting and fishing during the heated term, and, as a matter of course, he wanted to take his family with him, for he could not think of leaving them down there in the terrible heat of the summer.

Now, Artie did not like this idea at all, so, after having a good cry about it, she came into the parlor where Mrs. Hammond sat, and said:

"Now, mamma, this is too bad; just to think of us going away off into the mountains, where we can't see anything but Indians and sage brush. I shall die, mamma, I know I shall, if you take me away off up there."

"I? No, my dear," said Mrs. Hammond, gently, "but, to tell the truth, Artie, I shall be glad to get you off up there, where you can't do so much running around. I am about sick of this going all the time."

"Well, I'm not," said Miss Artie, with an independent toss of her pretty head, as she went off to the window. She had not stood there very long before she saw some one coming up the little lane which led to the house.—Then she turned to her mother and said:

"Oh, mamma, Charley Bavy is coming here."

"Yes, just as I expected; you can't think of anything but Charley Bavy [...]," said Mrs. Hammond, as she left the room.

She soon heard Artie and Charley talking very low together, so she began to wonder what they were saying, and finally went to the door to listen. She heard Charley say:

"Yes, darling, I will come with the buggy just at dark to-morrow, so we can go and get married in a short time. Your folks won't think of such a thing until it is too late."

"But, Charley, suppose papa won't forgive us," said Artie.

"Oh, there's no danger but he will; and you'll go, won't you, Artie? Only think what a heavy, lonesome life it will be without you, darling."

As Artie looked up into a pair of very loving hazel eyes she smilingly said:

"Yes, Charley."

"Now, good-night, darling, and by this time to-morrow night, you'll be my own darling little wife."

Saying this, Charley kissed her and was gone.

Now, as Mrs. Hammond had been listening all the time, she heard everything that Charley said. So she said to herself ironically, "your dear little wife by this time to-morrow night. Oh, yes, we'll see about that."

But when Artie came out her mother was sitting at the table sewing. She looked up and asked:

"Well, Artie, has Charley gone away so soon?"

"Yes, mamma," was all she said as she left the room.

The next day passed off at last, and just at dark a buggy drove up to the front gate.

"Now," thought Mrs. Hammond, "I'll show them a trick that's worth two of them."

So she put on Artie's cloak and hat, and ran down to the gate. A gentleman very gallantly helped her into the buggy, but never spoke a word.

"Well," thought she, "he's afraid to speak for fear Artie's father and mother will hear him. Ahem!"

So away they went, and Mrs. Hammond sat there thinking what a nice trick she had played on Artie by running off with Charley. Then she began to wonder if this was the way he treated Artie when they went out riding; and next what would the doctor say? But what puzzled her most was that they were going in an opposite direction from what she expected. So at last she said:

"Well, Charley, hadn't we better go home?"

Imagine her surprise to hear the Doctor's voice answer:

"What! Maggie, is this you? What in the name of all that is good, bad and indifferent are you doing here?"

"Oh, Doctor, I thought it was Charley."

"Well, I'd like to know where you were going with Charley at this time of night."

"Indeed! and I'd like to know whom you thought you had in here, if not me?" answered Mrs. Hammond.

"Oh, I thought it was Artie!"

"And what in the world ever put such a notion into your head as to take Artie out at this time of night?"

"Well, the fact of it is, Maggie, as I sat on the porch last evening, I overheard Charley and Artie talking about running off to get married, so I thought I'd just save Charley the trouble and take Artie out for a ride. I began to think she was keeping very still."

"Doctor," said Mrs. Hammond, "that is just what I heard, and my object in going with Charley was the same as yours in taking Artie off."

"We are a couple of pretty fools to be eloping in this way. Here we are at home again."

Saying this, the Doctor helped his wife out of the buggy, and then went into the house. One glance at the empty rooms convinced them that Artie was gone, and they could easily guess where. So they made up their minds to make the best of it, and wait for the runaways to come home.

The next morning, when Mr. and Mrs. Charley Bavy came home to implore forgiveness for running off to get married, they could not understand the mischievous twinkle in Dr. Hammond's eyes, as he readily forgave them and said:

"Certainly, children; I ran off with your mother once, and didn't know it."

Charley and Artie looked from one to the other, and asked:

"How? When? Where?"

The Doctor only laughed and shook his head, as though the story was too good to tell, and that was all they could ever get out of them.

DECORATING THE WRONG BOX.

A praiseworthy attempt was once made to decorate a soldier's coffin on a steamer bound from the South to New York.

In 1865 one or more embalmed bodies of soldiers were sent North on the steamer at every trip.

The coffins were usually enclosed in rough boxes, and one of these boxes was found on the wharf, to the mate's indignation, standing upright on the end.

Mr. Ockerhausen had it stowed tenderly on board, and to make amends to the insulted corpse, spent a good part of the day in decorating it with his own hands.

First, he carefully covered the box with the steamer's colors; then he festooned the American flag around it with such good taste as to attract the attention of the passengers; and as if it were his own son he watched over it on the passage all night.

The next morning a passenger called at the captain's office on the steamer and informed the clerk that he was intending to go on shore at the next landing, and in order to avoid delay at the wharf, he would like to pay the bill on some freight he had on board immediately.

The clerk looked over the freight bills, but could not find one made out in the passenger's name, and so informed the gentleman, and stated that probably his freight was not aboard the boat.

"O, yes," said he, "it is aboard; I just saw it on the forward deck, all wrapped up in flags and things."

"O, you mean the body of that poor soldier," said the clerk.

"What are you talking about?—That ain't a dead soldier; it is a box containing a bathing tub for my new house."

HUSBANDS.

Young ladies past the age of fifteen and from that delicate and interesting age all the way up to forty, and perhaps even later, are generally supposed to be, more or less, on the look out for husbands. We do not say how just this is; but such is undoubtedly the popular idea. It is believed in this country, that nine out of ten of all our young unmarried ladies would not object to a *good husband*.

But the supply is not equal to the demand. Consequently, we have some hundreds of thousands of old maids—nuns who have taken no veils or vows, and who do not live in convents, but who are none the less living in a state of celibacy. Some think this a dangerous and immoral state. We are not of that opinion.

The surplus of women make the celibacy of many a necessity. The unworthiness of men is the cause of a greater number. We see thousands of men around us whose married state is a constant marvel to us. We cannot conceive how they ever induced any woman to have them. Rough in their manners, careless in their morals, slovenly in appearance, and filthy in habits, how can these men be the fit husbands of tender, delicate, loving women? Still such men do get married. We read about them in the newspapers. Sometimes they are complained of for beating their wives. Sometimes it is a suit for divorce. But there are thousands of such cases that are never heard of. Many a proud sensitive woman dies of a brutal husband, and the world never knows it.

Until the standard of husbandly virtues is raised, and the market better supplied, women will do well to prepare for the struggle of life without their help. There is too much marrying in haste, and, of consequence, too much repenting at leisure. Marriage that develops all that is lovely in women, sometimes brings out the worst qualities in men. Many a woman at forty exceeds the promises of her girlhood; but how few are the men who do not fall very short of the hopes of youth!

A LITTLE ragged urchin, being in the streets the other day, was asked by a lady who filled his basket, if his parents were living.

"Only dad, ma'am," said the boy.

"Then you have enough in your basket to feed the family for some time," said the lady.

"Oh, no, I haven't neither," said the lad, "for me and dad keep five boarders; he does the housework, and I do the market'n."

A CLERGYMAN reading a chapter of the Bible, found himself at the bottom of the page with the words: "and the Lord gave Noah a wife;" then turning over two pages, instead of one, he continued to read: "and he pitched her within, and without with pitch."

A PHILADELPHIA carter says of a district through which he drives: "If you run over a youngster in this ward, the people don't say anything, 'kase they got more children than wittles for 'em; but just run over a goat or pig, and blast me if a mob ain't after you in two minutes!"

AN epitaph on a husband and wife, in a country church, we are informed, concludes with a holy quotation meant to be polite, but which certainly may be construed in two ways. It is as follows: "Their welfare is accomplished."

A HAT STORY.

True geniality is one of the rarest gifts among men. It requires such a peculiar combination of character, constitution, mental and social education, that but few possess it in an eminent degree. A goodly number do so in a modified manner; that is, it is always mixed or dashed with some unpleasant trait; something which may arise at any moment, and so spoil the occasion. It might be a slight touch of caustic humor, an intense appreciation of the ridiculous, a thin skinnedness on some subject, a weakness toward too much wine, and a cross temper after the second bottle. In fact, any of these sorts of failings spoil the power of geniality in the degree referred to.

What a power of dispensing pleasure the genial man possesses! How the eyes sparkle with pleasure; smiles, laughter, good humor seem to follow in his train. His friends' parties are never considered right without him, and they are begged to bring him by those to whom he may be known only by reputation.

At dinners, dances or picnics—stag, doe, herd, or whatever the meets may be—the host or hostess always feels that the affair will go off handsomely if he is known to be coming.

One of these favorites, a genial spirit, although of rather a grosser order, Ezekiel Perkins by name, resided some years ago in Hartford, Ct.—a man of good standing as a member of the bar, a bachelor, and said to have considerable property; a fact which did not hurt his popularity.

Now, Mr. Perkins had a few peculiarities; among them he had an enormous head, his hats always having to be made for him. Then, having got one to fit his immense cranium, he took the very useless precaution of putting a label in the crown thereof, reading, "Ezekiel Perkins, Counselor and Attorney-at-Law, Hartford, Ct."

His peculiar social failing was, that at all stag dinner parties (and to them he cottoned the most) he got—he got—well, there is no use shirking it, he got rather intoxicated early in the evening. He, however, had the faculty of knowing when he had got as much as he could comfortably carry, and knowing this to take his leave.

One evening, Mr. Perkins wended his way to one of the best mansions of Hartford. He was in full dinner-dress—blue coat with gilt buttons, white vest with black continuations, and spotless linen. Lightly he stepped along, his hat a little to one side, swinging his cane and humming an air as he went. He was in high spirits, in view of spending an unusually pleasant evening—enjoying the affair in anticipation; and how often does it exceed the reality! Having arrived, and deposited his hat among a number of others on the hall table, he in due course sat down to dinner.

Now, a joker, knowing his head and the propensity to indulge freely at [...] of fun at his expense, [...] time which occurred before dinner was announced, he managed to take the label out of Mr. Perkins' hat and affixed it in the crown of the smallest hat on the table. He then retired and awaited events. The dinner was as Mr. Perkins expected—a prime affair; so that, what with song, jest, wit, and wine, he found himself, at the end of a capital story by his host, "down to his bearings," as a sailor would say. Rising from his chair, carefully steadying himself by the back, he nodded goodby to the host, (he could do no more,) expatiating on the good time he had had and the excellence of that last joke, he got out of the room with a slight lurch only, and proceeded to get his hat.

"Pon me soul," he said, as he craned and mooned over the table looking for his hat—"'pon me soul, that's the best joke I ever heard." His utterance was rather thick. "Yes, an' the bes' dinner I was ever at." Here he gave a lurch, but was steadied by the waiter in attendance in the hall. At last, after swaying about for some time he detected his label, and, pouncing upon the hat containing it, read aloud, "Zekeal Perkins, counsrun—hiccup—turney a-law, Hartfud, Conetecut. That's my hat."

Straightening himself, he endeavored to put on the article in his usual jaunty style. It wouldn't do. He bent to it, tried both hands, held it to his head, fairly trying to force his head in, swaying, rocking, staggering the while; but it wouldn't do. He was hot and stupefied. He couldn't understand it. Turning to the waiter, whose gravity had nearly given way at his gyrations, he said with great politeness, "Will you 'blige me by readin' what is in that hat?"

"Certainly, sir. 'Ezekiel Perkins, Counselor and Attorney-at Law, Hartford, Ct.'"

"I knew it! I knew it! that's it—that's my hat!" And immediately began the same performance, but with more energy. After some moments of staggering, pressing, and pulling, until he was once more at fever heat, he again addressed the servant with a still more mystified air than before, but a determination, as it were, to know the worst.

"I beg pardon, but will you be pleased to tell me who I am?"

"Certainly, sir. I know you perfectly well. You are Mr. Ezekiel Perkins, counselor and attorney at-law, here in Hartford."

"I knew it! I knew it! That's right—that's me, and that's my hat; but my head's most d—dably swelled."

EATING GUNPOWDER.—After the supply of salt in Metz had become exhausted, the French soldiers were reduced to the necessity of seasoning their food with gunpowder. This measure was recommended by the surgeons, and accordingly the saltpetre in the powder was utilized for sanitary purposes.

SCENE—boys playing in the roadway. Clergyman—"And so you are building a mud village, are you, and that's the church? But why haven't you made the parson?" Boy—"We hadn't dirt enough." Parson continues his ramble.

TO CUT WHALEBONE EASILY.—Hold it in the flames of a lamp an instant and you can cut it with the shears.

WAGON TIME.

THE FASTEST STILL BEHIND DEXTER'S.—The fine little horse George Palmer and the mare American Girl distinguished themselves on Wednesday by their fast time to wagons. The day was one of the most soft and beautiful that ever shone upon Long Island—a June day, tempered into the delicious quiet of the sleepy fall. The track was in splendid order. There were two heats trotted in very fast time and both won by Palmer. The first was 2 min. 25¼ sec., and he won this easily. The second was 2 min. 24¼ sec., and in this the mare only lost by a length. This is not, as some have ignorantly stated, the fastest time to wagons on record, but it beats the 2 min. 25 sec. of Flora Temple and of George Wilkes. The latter, however, trotted on a thick, cold day and dead track. The best time on record to wagon, that is, in a public race, is 2 min. 24 sec. That time has been made on two occasions. First, by Dexter against Lady Thorn on the Fashion Course, when he won with great ease in a strong retarding wind. The second time it was made by Lady Thorn herself on the same course. That wise man, Carl Benson, and a foolish editor who admires his writings, could not for a long time be made to understand how the best time on record could be made by two horses. By this time it may have got into their heads without a surgical operation. Certain it is that Dexter and Lady Thorn have both made the fastest time to wagons in a public race. But in a public trial on the Prospect Park course, the same Palmer's 2m. 21½s. heat was made on, Dexter trotted a mile to a road wagon, driven by his owner, Mr. Bonner, in 2m. 21½s. He drew on this occasion three hundred and nineteen pounds. This was the greatest mile feat ever performed by a trotting horse, in our opinion, but it was not in a public race; though done in public on a race day, it is not a part of any official record.—*Wilkes' Spirit of the Times.*

A REMARKABLE DISCOVERY.—By many it has been held as a theory that the Yuma desert was once an ocean bed. At intervals pools of salt water have stood for a while in the midst of the surrounding waste of sand, disappearing only to rise again in the same or other localities. A short time since one of these saline lakes disappeared, and a party of Indians reported the discovery of a "big ship" left by the receding waters. A party of Americans at once proceeded to the spot and found imbedded in the sands the wreck of a large vessel. Nearly one third of the forward part of the ship or bark is plainly visible. The stump of the bow-sprit remains, and portions of the timbers of the deck are perfect. The wreck is located forty miles north of the San Bernardino and Fort Yuma road, and thirty miles west of Los Palmos, a well known watering place on the desert. The road across the desert has been traveled for [...] history of the ill-fated vessel can of course never be known, but the discovery of its decaying timbers, in the midst of what has long been a desert, will furnish savans with food for discussion, and may perhaps furnish important aid in the elucidation of questions of science.

THE TWO HEADED AND FOUR-LEGGED WOMAN.—There is now on exhibition at the Fair Grounds in Columbus, Ga., the most wonderful freak of nature ever presented to the world. It consists of a negro girl, or as some would say, a pair of girls, aged 18 years. The person or persons has two perfectly developed heads and bodies down to the waist, where the two spines and bodies become blended into one solid body. On each body are two perfect arms and hands, of which each has full and natural use. She has four perfectly formed and well developed legs and feet, on which she moves actively. She can waltz, and dance a quadrille. She was born a slave, the property of Mrs. Smith, in Columbus, Robeson co., North Carolina, who tenderly cared for and raised and educated her. She is intelligent and can and does hold converse with two persons at the same time. She is cheerful, and most devotedly attached to Mrs. Smith. What is singular, though she appears from the color of the skin to be of pure negro blood, she has straight black hair.—*Columbus Sun.*

THE Cynthiana (Ky.) *News* says that Mr. Abijah Williams, a very responsible and truthful man, who resides in Claysville, asserts that he saw and fought a large brown-skinned snake with a body the size of a nail keg. He saw it in the cliff below Claysville, on Licking river. It makes a noise like the supposed bellowing of a bull. For the last thirty years the people of that section have reported a monster snake, and many who have not seen it have heard and been frightened by its howl.

A NEWLY married man in town complains of the high price of "ducks." He says his wife recently paid for three of them—a duck of a bonnet, a duck of a dress, and a duck of a parasol. He says such "dealing in poultry" will ruin him.

THERE is a Servian Prince in the Prussian army whose name is so long that a company of engineers has been ordered to level down the consonants and use it as a pontoon bridge.

A MOSQUITO taper is a Pittsburg invention. It creates such a smell when burning that the mosquitoes ask to be excused. It drives human beings out doors, also, which is its only defect.

A WITNESS was called to the stand to give his testimony. Having taken his place, he turned to the bar and earnestly asked; "Which side am I on?"

MR. SMITH "was never so s-s-ober in the whole course of his life," but when his friend Jones asked him to take a chair, he said he would wait till one came round.

A SOCIETY has been organized in Baltimore for the protection of wild fowl on the rivers of Maryland from wholesale slaughter.

BLESSED are they that are ignorant, for they are happy in thinking they know everything.

THE LAST "CONFIDENCE" GAME.

Why Mr. Grant is "Losing Confidence in Wilson"—The Insatiable Family—Another Dent Job.

Don Piatt, a Republican, is the Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati *Commercial*, also Republican. The following is one of his letters to that paper:

The reason assigned by the President for his lack of confidence in Joseph T. Wilson, Land Commissioner, in the confidential letter addressed to the late Secretary of the Interior, and published by General Grant, is so extraordinary that I have been at some pains to follow it up, and get all the facts bearing upon the matter. The President has said, in explanation of his attack upon the Land Commissioner, that he has had no confidence in him since he was instrumental in the procurement of a clause in the act passed for the benefit of Mr. Dent, his father-in-law, that defeated the first claim of the old gentleman. It seems that old Mr. Dent was the holder of a claim to lands in Carondelet, or near there. This claim through neglect or some other defect had become invalid, and the land made valuable, it is claimed, to the amount of half a million, through the improvements of actual settlers. Under the law passed to meet such cases, Dent could locate the same number of acres on any public lands selling at $1.25 per acre; but this did not suit the family, and so, after the election of General Grant, an attempt was made to pass a law that would reinvest old Mr. Dent in the lands he claimed in or near Carondelet, Missouri. Fortunately, the committee to whom was referred the matter turned it over to Mr. Wilson, as was the habit, and the Land Commissioner drafted the following, which may be found on page 458, United States Statutes, large volume, 16:

An act to confirm certain private land claims in the State of Missouri. Be it enacted, &c., that the legal representatives of Gabriel Cerre and Josephine Bolaye, falling within the exterior boundaries of the commons of Carondelet, the former entered as No. 60, for 400 arpents, and the latter as No. 275, for 150 arpents, in the first class of decisions of the Board of Land Commissioners under the act of Congress approved July 4, 1832, and the 2d of March, 1833, for the adjustment of private land claims in Missouri, as recommended by said Board (4 Ex. Doc. 59, first session 21, p. 187; and S. Doc. 16, same session, p. 40;) which claims were confirmed by act of Congress approved July 4, 1836, subject to location elsewhere than in place in case of conflict (Statute law, vol. 58, page 126,) be and the same are hereby confirmed in place, subject to any adverse rights, if such exist, and patent for said claims be issued accordingly.

Now it seems that after the passage of this act for the benefit of the aged father-in-law of the administration, it was found that owing to the insertion of the last clause protecting innocent holders, the old gentleman found himself no nearer the valuable possessions than before. The President, I am assured on the best authority, drew out the authorship of this troublesome clause, and has had no confidence since in Mr. Wilson.

Wishing to know all about it, I called on the Land Commissioner and found him, as usual, hard at work. Although somewhat advanced in years, and worn by hard work, Mr. Wilson is well preserved, and has many days of public service in him yet. I asked him if he knew why he had lost the confidence of his Excellency, as expressed in the Cox letter. "I do not," he replied, "unless it grew out of that McGarrahan swindle. There [...] the President by the people sustaining that fraud."

"I am told, Mr. Wilson, by the best authority, that you lost the confidence of his Excellency by your adroitly inserting a clause in the act recognizing Mr. Dent's claim to the Carondelet lands."

The old man looked puzzled for a moment, and then said:

"Dear me! that can't be possible. The clause inserted was the law of the land, passed long since, to protect innocent settlers on public lands."

"Do I understand you to say that the clause was not inserted to prejudice the claims of old Mr. Dent?"

"Certainly not. The committee called on me, as it is in the habit of doing, to draft the bill. I cannot say that I ever knew who the claimant was. The committee would not have recommended the bill, nor would Congress have passed it, without that proviso."

"I am told, Mr. Wilson, that the President's distrust dates from the law."

"It can't be possible. Why, that was already the law sustained by the courts for the protection of poor, innocent people. Certainly the President did not want to rob in that way for his family. I can't believe it."

"Ah, Mr. Wilson, while you have been delving in your laborious office, the world outside has changed. To rob for one's family is not only the royal prerogative, but ordinary official practice. But do you intend resigning?"

"No, sir; no, sir; I cannot resign under charges. He may put me out, I cannot help that; but I will do nothing that looks like a confession of guilt."

And the old man walked the floor under much excitement. Stopping before me he continued: "I have labored sixteen hours a day since my first appointment under John Quincy Adams, on a small salary, that now leaves me no means in my old age. I have labored for the public good. No man can say that I ever wronged the service, or any one. Now all that I have is my character, and this they seek to rob me of." And as he spoke his lips trembled, and tears came to his eyes; and he turned away, adding, "But I won't resign.' I'll fight it out. The President must understand that he cannot trample wantonly on the humblest in this land."

Poor old man. He does not know what can be done by organized fraud, sustained by a venal press. I left him, feeling little hopes for him in the contest. He will only be laughed at as a poor old fool, very much in the way of scheming, unprincipled adventurers. The feeling against Cox here is intense. There is a combination of rings, lobbies, and office-holders that is venomous and noisy. In all the hotels, streets, and departments one hears nothing but denunciation and abuse. The fact is creeping into their stupid skulls that the people threaten to sustain the Secretary, and that he is in some danger of being made President. D. P.

NEVER look at girls. They can't bear it; they regard it as an insult. They wear their feathers, furbelows, and frills, merely to gratify their mammas, that's all.

A WIDOWER was recently rejected by a damsel who didn't want affections that had been warmed over.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

Gettysburg Compiler.

FRIDAY, NOV. 25, 1870.

TO DELINQUENTS

Books of accounts are to us an abomination—and as a consequence ours have not been overhauled for half a dozen years. But it must now be done because our needs are far beyond receipts. Everything entering into the printing business must be paid for in cash—and without the cash from our customers this cannot be done. Will not those in arrears take this matter to heart and give us an immediate "lift"—"do as they would be done by." We cannot afford to send out the Compiler year after year to such as make no return for it, and the time has arrived when we *must* make an effort to [illegible]. If those indebted will pay up at once much trouble will be saved.

The coming Court, to commence on Monday next, will afford many opportunities to persons in the county to send us money. But the mails are open to all—and those at a distance are specially urged to remit through them. Our creditors are importunate. We must be too.

To our prompt-paying patrons thanks are tendered. Why not all make the printer's heart glad in the same way?

[illegible] the letter of Don Pratt on the first page. It presents in their true [illegible] of Grant.

One hundred and one voters were added to the Radical forces in this Congressional District, and yet Cessna was beaten. Now he complains that he was cheated out of the election. The [illegible].

The Williamsport *Sun and Banner* proposes Henry L. Dieffenbach, Esq., of the [illegible] *Columbian*, as the next Democratic candidate for Auditor General. We "second the motion." [illegible] A nomination more fit could not be made.

Hon. T. Clancy Jones is spoken of [as] United States Senator from Delaware. Mr. Jones was originally a Pennsylvanian, member of Congress from the Berks district, and subsequently United States minister to Vienna. He removed to Delaware about fourteen years ago.

A day or two before the November elections, a telegram from Washington [was] printed in all the leading Radical papers, announcing that "the President was assured, and was quite sanguine of a successful result in nearly all the States to vote on Tuesday." [illegible] must have been badly "taken in" a few days after.

There are Radicals who admit that their party is corrupt, but undertake to excuse the Democratic party down to the same low level. The step that [illegible] won't answer now. Radical rascality has become too glaring to admit of palliation. There never was anything approaching it in the country's history, and it is to be hoped there never will be.

The New York *Tribune* is reading its Chicago namesake out of the Republican party, because of its advocacy of free trade principles. The spectacle at present is that it openly advocates an alliance between the bolting Republicans by which the organization of Congress shall pass to the opposition. The Radical family is not harmonious nor happy.

Gen. Longstreet, who was Lee's right hand man at the battle of Gettysburg, voted the straight Radical ticket in New Orleans on the 8th inst. Longstreet is now "truly loil," and holds an office under Grant worth $[illegible] a year. For some reason or other this "rebel" is one of Grant's favorites, and is given the privilege to steal just like other prominent Radicals.

One of the lessons of the recent elections is thus noticed by the St. Louis *Democrat*, the leading Republican paper of Missouri:

The moral of these elections is simply this: The administration of General Grant has so dissatisfied the people that it is already plain that any party attempting to run him will be [illegible] beaten in 1872, unless he shall do something to recover out [illegible].

The Harrisburg *State Journal* (Governor's organ) is more honest and candid than the other leading Radical papers in the State. It prints the votes by counties for the different Congressional candidates, and consequently shows by its figures, taken from the official vote, that the Democratic party has a clear majority in the State of *two thousand six hundred and sixty one* (2,661). We accept the conclusion arrived at by the *Journal* as satisfactory. Will the Radicals in this county [illegible] their leading State organ as we do?

It is reported that a certain Senator is drawing up a resolution, based upon the Grant-Cox correspondence, to introduce in the Senate as soon as that body meets, providing for a thorough investigation of the alleged corrupt use of money by William McGarrahan while trying to get a patent for the disputed land claims. Some rich developments are anticipated, and those who claim to be perfectly familiar with the inside history of this case aver that an investigation will disclose astounding corruption on the part of Republican officials, some of whom are in Congress.

The Chicago *Post*, intensely Republican, says: "The President has made a mistake that is painful and mortifying." He has been surrounded, jostled, deceived, cajoled, bullied, and at last made a prey of by the swarm of political famishers who live and thrive by a division of the spoils. Misled by these knavish partisans, he has been induced to countermand the orders of Secretary Cox for the purification of the Interior Department, to overrule and defeat his efforts for the inauguration of the much needed civil service reform in Washington, and finally to drive him into permanent retirement.

Those Radical papers that sneered at Gen. Frank P. Blair, when he said that Grant would attempt to make himself dictator, even before his constitutional term of office expired, ought to begin to realize by this time that there was more truth than poetry in the remark. Gen. Blair fully understood the character of the man of whom he spoke. His repeated interference with the Southern elections, and the nature of his acts in relation to New York and Missouri, leave no doubt that he has the will. It is perhaps another question whether the way is open.

CESSNA CONTESTS

John Cessna has given Mr. Meyers notice that he will contest his right to the seat in Congress from this district. This does not surprise us. It is characteristic of the demagogue. He has no case, and knows it, but hopes that the next Congress will contain a majority as unprincipled as himself and give him the seat notwithstanding the seal of condemnation put upon him by the people at the ballot box. We have, however, better hopes of the material which will compose the next House. Mr. Cessna will have little standing. Honor and honesty will again be at some account. And if we are correct in this assumption the people's choice will be sustained.

We find the following article in the last *Bedford Gazette*, and copy it for the purpose of giving the widest possible circulation to Mr. Meyers's request. Let Democrats in this county as well as elsewhere interest themselves that every illegal vote cast for Cessna may be brought to light. The cause of good government demands this.

Neither Honor Nor the Salary.—John Cessna on Monday last, served a notice of contest on Mr. Meyers, the member of Congress elect from this district. It seems after all that John cares something about the *salary* of a Congressman. Before the election he constantly told his partisans in Somerset that he cared nothing for the money that was in the position that the Radicals of the district might draw on him for the amount of his salary, as he cared only for the *honor* of an election. But now that he finds the *honor* and the *money* both gone, he has made up his mind to rob Mr. Meyers of his salary, by a dishonorable and unmanly attempt to swindle the latter out of his seat in Congress. We say *swindle*, because he has no just grounds of contest, and cannot sustain his case, without the aid of *hired counsel* and *perjured witnesses*. He founds his contest on general [illegible] and guesses. He says that the voters of the district did the wrong in the counting of returns, in the assessments, and in the action of election boards. Among other things he intends that the vote of Conococheague township, Franklin county, should be rejected from the count, because the *tally paper* and not the *certificate of the election* was returned to the board of return judges. Scull, of Somerset, went to the State Senate last winter, with a similar complaint and was laughed out of court for his pains. He claims that the votes of persons resident at the dam-houses who paid a State or county tax within two years are fraudulent. In his opinion only such men as he admires, like himself, ought to be permitted to vote. He specifies the votes cast along the railroad in Somerset county, which (he thinks) the election boards were controlled by his own party in every instance save one. He names the following persons as illegal voters in this borough: Isaac Lippel, Josiah Haley, Brinton Lyon, Alvan Lyon, James McMunigan, Jno. H. Filler, Henry Cromwell, H. J. Henderson, Joseph A. Rock, Isaac Lysed, H. G. Weimer, William R. King. The people of this neighborhood may know from this specimen what sort of case the *honorable* Mr. Cessna is trying to make.

Now to the Polls! Democrats of the Sixteenth Congressional District it becomes necessary that we should all turn out to aid us in gathering testimony for our ant [illegible] of the contest. Go to work from one end of the district to the other. Ascertain every vote of doubtful propriety cast at your respective polls and report at once to Mr. Meyers the name of the person who cast it and the reasons why you deem it illegal or fraudulent. Wherever election boards acted illegally and improperly, their conduct should be noted and the names of *all* persons who offered to vote the Democratic ticket should be reported. Voters chased for Cessna through bribery or corruption, threats or intimidation, should likewise be included in your report. Look well to the payment of taxes. Ascertain whether persons just above *twenty two years of age* who voted for Cessna were assessed and paid taxes. Learn also whether the persons who received the taxes were authorized by law to do so. Ascertain when the polls were opened and when closed, and whether during the progress of the election or the counting of the votes, persons not sworn were present in the room in which the election was held. It should be the defeated Radical candidate desires a general overhauling of the election let it be seen to that he shall be gratified. The skunk has been caught and is now to be skinned. The business is not very agreeable, but shall be performed to the best of our ability. Send us your reports as soon as possible, as Mr. Meyers must file his answer within 30 days from last Monday. Whet your jack knives boys and begin the job at once. Direct all communications to

R. L. MEYERS,
Bedford, Pa.

"DIED OF THE BLACK BALLOT"

Our Radical friends, in their efforts to account, even to themselves, for their late disastrous defeat in this State, seem not to have hit upon the most obvious reason—one that is apparent to the meanest understanding, when not warped by party prejudice. It was expressed by a candid though illiterate Radical a few days after the election, when he cried out, "Our party has died of the black ballot!" Yes, disguise it as they may, the strength added to the Republican cause by fraudulently extending to the negroes the right of suffrage was the cause of their recent defeat, and will be the ultimate cause of their ignominious downfall. Thousands of honest Republicans, who had never before swerved from party usages, in this election, disgusted at the [illegible] of their leaders, deserted their ancient standard and voted the Democratic ticket at the polls. This they will continue to do, as many of them assert openly, that their severance from the Radical party is final and complete.

The feelings of disgust at having the negro brought to the polls upon equality will be much more effectual hereafter than at the last election, for white people only begin to realize the offensiveness of the proceeding. The more they reflect upon it, the more determined they will hereafter be in resisting it; and the time is already close at hand when all parties will want to rid themselves of the odium of having the negro vote. We therefore regard Pennsylvania as certain to be thoroughly Democratic hereafter. The Republican party is already on the wane, too, for other reasons, and one more complete and thorough defeat will send it to the tombs, never to come forth again, even by the powerful hand of resurrection, unless it be under a new name, disguised, and with other objects in view.—*Allentown Democrat.*

That's our view of the subject to a dot. The Fifteenth Amendment was "put through" in spite of the protests of the majority of the people, and it is only natural that they should express their indignation (and disgust) thereat. And the more they think of it, the more they will feel like punishing the authors of the infamy. The distinction between black and white never can be rubbed out, greatly as the Radical leaders may desire it notwithstanding.

The Missouri House of Representatives comprises 140 members. Of these, the Radical party in that State have actually succeeded in electing *seventeen!* So much for "Grant's relations" to Missouri politics.

Senator Geo. Connell, of Philadelphia, has prepared a bill to be submitted to the next Legislature providing for a Convention to revise the Constitution of the State. "Go slow."

NEXT PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION

The results of the elections in the several States this fall give promise of Democratic success in the Presidential contest of 1872. The New York *Herald*, a paper which did much service toward Grant's election, and still takes advantage of every pretext to puff and flatter him, makes up and publishes the following table of States in which elections have recently been held:

DEMOCRATIC.		REPUBLICAN.	
[illegible]		[illegible]	
Alabama		Illinois	16
Arkansas		Iowa	
California		Kansas	3
Connecticut		Louisiana	
Delaware		Maine	
Georgia		Massachusetts	12
Indiana		Michigan	
Kentucky		Minnesota	
Maryland		Nebraska	3
Missouri		New Hampshire	
[illegible]		New Jersey	
New York		Ohio	
North Carolina		Pennsylvania	
Oregon		Rhode Island	
Tennessee		South Carolina	6
Virginia		Vermont	
West Virginia		Wisconsin	8
Total		Total	111

It will be seen that the above table embraces every State in the Union except Mississippi and Texas, which have not yet voted. The *Herald* holds that the Radicals may carry Mississippi, which casts seven Electoral votes, by the aid of the negroes, but asserts that Texas, with its six Electoral votes, will certainly go Democratic. The *Herald* insists that no one of the States set down in the Democratic column is likely to be carried by the Radicals at the next Presidential election, except it may possibly be Connecticut, with six Electoral votes, and admits that the Democrats will gain New Jersey with seven Electoral votes which will more than counterbalance the possible loss of Connecticut.

But we insist that Pennsylvania ought to be added to the list of Democratic States. The recent Congressional elections show a clear Democratic majority of several thousand on the popular vote, and we see no reason why that majority should not be increased in 1872. The Radical party has been growing weaker and weaker year after year, and nothing can stop its progress in the downward road to utter destruction. With anything like good management on the part of the Democracy, the next President of the United States is sure to be a Democrat.

Chief Justice Chase addresses a courteous letter to the Hon. Jeremiah S. Black upon the recent article published by him in the *Galaxy*. The only important point in the letter we find in the letter is the following:

On one other point I wish to correct your information, lest not mentioning, I may seem to have admitted its accuracy. You state that the Cabinet (Mr. Lincoln's) voted six to one *in favor of surrendering Fort Sumter.* My information is directly the contrary. I [illegible] *voted for the surrender of Fort Sumter.* My grounds of opposition to its surrender were not perhaps the same nor so absolute as those of Mr. Blair, but I was against it and so voted.

I was very glad to be well informed, and I am sure you would not willingly remain in error before all things. Justice.

Subject to this correction, the statement is confirmed that Mr. Lincoln, and the majority of his Cabinet, were in favor of surrendering Fort Sumter. Ex-Secretary Welles declares that a proposition to deliver it up to the enemy was made by Mr. Seward. These were the leaders of the party which has, with impudent falsehood, attributed to Mr. Buchanan what he never would listen to for a moment of the incoming Radical administration!—*Age.*

A King for Spain.—The Spanish Cortes has elected the Duke of Aosta King of Spain, by a vote of one hundred and ninety one against one hundred and twenty. The newly created King is a son of Victor Emanuel, King of Italy, and was proposed by General Prim after the withdrawal of the German Prince from the race for Royalty. He is twenty-five years of age and married to the Princess Marie Victoire Charlotte Henriette Jean, daughter of Prince Charles Emanuel Cisterna and Louisa Caroline Christine Countess de Merode. He belongs to the the house of Savoy and is a gentleman of courage and repute. In Italy the Prince has always been popular with the masses on account of his supposed leaning in favor of more advanced and liberal views on the subject of government. This will be one point to his score with the Spanish people. But he accepts the throne under trying circumstances, and his success as a ruler is doubtful.

The Radical party is in the throes of dissolution. The Chicago *Tribune* comes out in a long article, advocating the formation of a new party on the "Civil Service" and "Revenue Reform" platform. The *Tribune* has stood faithfully by the Radical party until now, but it is anxious to cut loose from Grant and the mass of political corruption and incompetency by which he is surrounded. It is conjectured that Senator Trumbull, of Illinois is identified with the proposed new party movement. If the Radicals cannot win as a unit, how can they expect to do so when divided.

Mr. Watt, a Republican State Senator from Philadelphia, died a few days ago. This leaves the Senate a tie, until another is elected in his place. If the Democrats run Hon. William McCandless, or some other equally popular man, they can elect him and thus secure a Democratic majority of one in the Senate. Let the strongest candidate be nominated.

The Dayton *Journal* complains that the Republican party has not a single great journal paying it true allegiance anywhere west of the Alleghenies, that the Cincinnati *Gazette* and *Commercial*, the Chicago *Tribune*, the St. Louis *Democrat*, and other leading papers of Republican affinities have all run down the party flag and hoisted that of reform.

It is now said that General Schenck declines to contest the seat of his opponent. He recognizes the validity of the decision of the Radical Judges of the Supreme Court of Ohio, which declares that the inmates of the Soldiers' Home are not entitled to vote, and does not believe there are any other grounds for maintaining a contest.

Col. Merriam, the Radical candidate for Congress in the Springfield (Illinois) district, when he learned that his opponent, Hon. J. C. Robinson, was elected, sent his congratulations to the latter. John Cessna does things differently. He sends his successful opponent notice that he intends, if possible, to grab his salary.

The majority for Brown—liberal candidate for Governor in Missouri—is over 40,000. The people of that State have told Mr. Grant that they are not to be purchased with his offices, and that they disregard his threats.

HORACE GREELEY AND HIS CRY OF FRAUD.

One hundred and twenty Republicans, including business firms of bankers and merchants—among them William Cullen Bryant, and Grinnell, Minturn & Co.,—signed a card a week before the New York election appealing to the voters to oppose Horace Greeley and to sustain his opponent, that eloquent and unflinching Democrat, the Hon. S. S. Cox. They opposed Greeley on account of his protective tariff views and declared that his election would be hurtful to the best interests of the business and prosperity of New York. They declared that the success of Mr. Cox would be beneficial to the interests of that great city of a million of people. They confided in the outspoken Democrat. Greeley was defeated by a large majority. He, perhaps more than any living man, has slandered the Democracy of this country and especially the Democracy of New York city. He has a hundred times charged that their majority of 40,000 last fall was secured by repeaters and by wholesale fraud. He has made his credulous country readers believe that Democrats were corrupt, dishonest, untrustworthy—while his own columns daily bore dispatches announcing such stupendous real frauds, in every part of the country by Radical office holders, as were never before heard of. He has made thousands of his readers believe, and the Radical press elsewhere to has repeated the falsehood that the great majorities for the Democrats in New York were not the result of fair voting but of fraud. He concealed from them the fact that every time the Radical party passed laws to oppress the city by taking power from its citizens, the Democratic majorities increased at a rapid rate. He did not tell them that in New York the most intelligent merchants, bankers, shippers and business men generally were Democrats. He has concealed the fact that the leading ideas that he presses in the *Tribune* are overwhelmingly repudiated in New York. But he has constantly for years cried "fraud," "repeaters," "villainy." He has aided in getting the United States government to interfere in the elections—a step dangerous to freedom—and he now acknowledges that the late election was fair. The result is a Democratic majority twelve thousand greater than that of last year. Where now is his cry of "fraud"? William Cullen Bryant, Grinnell, Minturn & Co. and one hundred and twenty Republican merchants, declared over their signatures, which they had printed, that Horace Greeley was running "in a district having one of the most intelligent constituencies in the great commercial metropolis of the Union." In that district he was beaten by a straight-out Democrat by over eleven hundred majority. It was not "fraud" nor "ignorance" about which he has so long prated that laid Horace Greeley low. It was intelligence and honest ballots cast in the glorious of the laymen's that did the job for *him*—*Hartford Times.*

ANOTHER BELL

During the Lincoln administration his Secretary of State, Seward, boasted that he could send a political opponent to a Bastile without trial and without accusation merely by "tapping a little bell." The Catholic *Transcript* makes a bell-ringing of [illegible] dimensions—thus: On the day of the election in New York, the gallant Gov. Hoffman proposed to make use of a bell too, and a very big one at that, provided it became necessary. Grant, taking the advice of Radical men, had sent 5,000 regular troops to New York to be stationed near the polls on the day of election. The object in view was to intimidate Democrats and give the negroes and Radical repeaters the field to themselves. Grant had carried elections in the South in this way, and he wanted to "try it on" in New York. Governor Hoffman, however, was not to be frightened, and he at once called out ten thousand of *his* troops, well armed and equipped, and had them quartered at the different armories of the city. He published an order directing that when he required the services of his troops he would cause the great bell of the city to be tapped twelve times. Grant's commander seeing all this, kept house very closely. Neither he nor his troops were to be seen during the whole day, and Gov. Hoffman's bell was not tapped, the election passed off quietly, and the city rolled up a Democratic majority of 52,000!

What a ridiculous attempt was this of Grant's! He supposed that he could, by a military show, intimidate the Democrats of New York! What an idea! He may practice his brutalities upon a prostrate people, but let him not attempt it in a State that has a Democrat as its Governor. Had a shot been fired in New York by one of his troops, the whole five thousand might have been put to the sword. Gov. Hoffman's *big* bell saved the city from a bloody civil contest. If Grant has sense enough to profit by this lesson, it will be well for him and the country.

THE RESULT IN MARYLAND

The official count of the vote cast in Maryland at the recent election shows that 141,525 votes were polled. Of these 76,706 were Democratic, and 57,-7[illegible]9 Republican. There were 34,000 negroes registered in the State and they all voted, and almost without an exception they voted the Radical ticket. Deducting the negroes from the entire vote given to the Radical candidates, we find that less than 24,000 white men in the whole State of Maryland voted the Radical ticket. Many decent and sensible white men who had never acted with the Democratic party before, took their stand with it at the recent election. The Democratic majority in the State was thus swelled until it was nearly as large as the entire white vote cast for the Radical candidates. The triumph is one of which the gallant Democracy of Maryland may well be proud. The Radicals made desperate efforts to carry the State and they cannot do as well for years to come as they did at the recent election. The negroes cannot be brought to the polls again in solid phalanx as they were on this the first time they exercised the elective franchise, and not a few of the white men who stood by the party because they were led to believe that success was possible will now abandon the mongrel organization. Radicalism is buried so deep in the soil of Maryland that the trump of political resurrection will never reach its ear.—*Lanc. Intelligencer.*

Cessna will contest. Of course he will. Whoever saw a chance to make five thousand dollars which Cessna would not contest?—*Age.*

GENERAL ITEMS.

—The official Democratic majority in Maryland is 19,007.

—Friends send us local items.

—A Virginian is writing a life of Gen. Lee.

—A 30 lb. cabbage has been raised in Illinois.

—It costs $100 to get a balloon passage out of Paris.

—Sweet potato juice is said to cause clear complexions.

—A wooden shoe factory has been started by a German in Iowa.

—The bombardment of Strasbourg ruined 448 house.

—New Orleans is to have a school to teach young ladies how to cook.

—It is proposed to regulate all the clocks in Wall street by electricity.

—Kerosene is the popular hair oil with Maryland "Amendments."

—The corn crop of the United States for 1870 is estimated at 1,200,000,000 bushels.

—There will be eight niggers in the next Congress. Not much honor to be a Congressman these times.

—A letter to the Richmond *Whig* furnishes a statement of the result of a deer hunt at Callaghan's, Va., commencing November 1st. The party killed eighteen deer in five days. The dogs caught one doe.

—The Hon. Benjamin Wood has been robbed of a $7,000 Jurgensen watch.

—There is now but one change of cars between New York and New Orleans.

—It is said the owners of Goldsmith Maid have been offered and refused $70,000 for her.

—The quantity of coffee served at the soldiers' reunion at Des Moines, Iowa, was 118 barrels.

—The Democrats will have a majority of fifteen in the Legislature of Alabama, which will secure them a United States Senator.

—St. Louis is to have a public park of three thousand acres.

—The New York city authorities have awarded a contract to pave nine miles of Broadway at a cost of $1,250,000.

—Jacob Waltz, of Cumbria county, has an apple tree that this year yielded sixty seven bushels of good fruit, and for the last twenty six years has borne regularly, never yielding less than five bushels a year.

—The Baldwin Locomotive Works of Philadelphia are now turning out a full fledged complete locomotive each working day, employing a force of 1,800 men.

—A man who loves his family will always take a newspaper, and the man who respects his family will always pay for it.

—As an offset to the woman's rights movement, Boston milliners are employing male seamstresses.

—The marching columns in France are said to display the soldiers' customary weakness for poultry.

—A correspondent asks whether the battle of Waterloo occurred before or after the Christian era. We answer, it did.

—An Albany undertaker has invented a coffin which "folds down" and exposes the body at full length, making it appear as if reclining on a sofa. It is designed to save people of weak nerves the shocking sight of a coffin that looks like a coffin.

—Charles Dickens in twenty four works introduced to the world 1,425 personages.

—It is advisable always to eat salt with nuts as that is necessary to produce their easy digestion.

—Your character cannot be essentially injured except by your own acts.

—A minister once prayed: "O Lord, we thank Thee for the goodly number here to-night and that *Thou* also art here, notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather."

—Agassiz during the year has discovered ten thousand different varieties of the fly.

[illegible] lately caught in a fish basket in Juniata county.

—It is said that $90,000,000 have been sunk in journalistic enterprises in New York city.

—The Clearfield Fair consisted of a calf, goose and a pumpkin. We are told that it rained so hard the first night that the goose swam off, the calf broke loose and eat up the pumpkin and a thief prowling round stole the calf. And that ended the fair.

A number of negroes, instigated by carpet-baggers, recently indulged in a bloody riot at Donaldsonville, Louisiana. Several white men, among them Judge Lowes, were killed. The Radical authorities made some arrests, and the New Orleans *Picayune* says "nine tenths of the prisoners are well known quiet citizens who were in no way connected with the riot." This is a monstrous outrage. Brutal negroes, who murdered white citizens are suffered to run at large, and respectable white men dragged to prison. This is the fruit of Radical success in Louisiana.

At the recent election in Ithaca, New York, the students of the Cornell College were allowed to vote. Objections were made, and the question will be judicially decided during the present winter. It was not denied that students of a proper age had a right to vote, but ground was taken that the vote must be cast at their permanent homes, not where they were temporarily located for the purpose of education.

An affecting statement is made by a light housekeeper near where the Cambria was lost. On the night when the Cambria was wrecked he had opened a door or window of the lighthouse, apparently a few minutes after the steamer struck on the rocks. Looking to seaward he observed a light a short distance away, which suddenly disappeared, and there arose above the roar of the tempest the agonizing shrieks of women and men, which were quickly stilled. This was the last that was seen of the Cambria.

Radical journalists have an unlimited amount of the kind of courage exhibited by cowards who pass graveyards at night. They attempt to conceal their tremor in whistling, but can no more disguise their consciousness that their party is doomed to defeat at the next Presidential election than could the wolf counterfeit the sheep, or the ass the lion.

The Philadelphia *Press* says that Senator Schurz and other Republican members of Congress who assisted to knock Radicalism into a cocked hat in Missouri, "will be punished as they deserve." Can the Radical party *now* afford to go into the "punishing" business? We take it to be too near its latter end for *that*.

Drake, of Missouri, don't want to be interviewed and Schurz says he will stand by his record in the Missouri campaign, and will state what he may have to say in his place in the Senate, where, he adds, he does not think he can be made a minority of one.

An old man died in Boston recently, and when on his death-bed his friends asked him if he didn't feel as though he would go to Heaven. He said he was troubled with doubts, as he had always been an Abolitionist, and had invariably voted the Radical ticket.

The Chicago *Times* says that the Democrats will have a majority in the Legislature of Illinois.

Local Department.

TOWN COUNTY AND SURROUNDING COUNTIES

Sale.—Jacob Benner has sold his property in Straban township, 18 acres with improvements, to Christian McCleary, for $1,800 cash.

"Butchering" time is here, and many a fat porker is forced to yield to "hog destiny." Sausages and buckwheat cakes! Happy season.

Big Eel.—An eel weighing six and three quarter pounds, was caught in a fish basket in the Codorus, below Brillinger's mill, one night last week—says the York *Gazette*.

F. and P. L. Railroad.—The iron for the Frederick and Pennsylvania Line Railroad has been purchased and will probably be laid as far as Taneytown by the first of January.

Recovered.—A horse belonging to Rev. M. J. Alleman, in Littlestown was taken from the stable on Tuesday night week, but on Thursday following was found running at large near Two Taverns, and taken back.

Gas.—St. Francis Xavier's Church in this place is to be lighted with gas in a few weeks—certainly by Christmas night. The necessary pipe and fixtures are now being introduced. The effect on the large and handsome audience room will no doubt be very fine.

Apples.—In the vicinity of Rochester they are rejoicing in large crops of pippins, with a weight of 22 ounces each. Never was there such a crop of apples as that of this year in all parts of the country. So says an exchange, the editor whereof has evidently not been in *these* "parts" the present fall.

Sudden Death.—Mr. C. Weisensale, residing within two miles of Hanover, in York county, was found dead in his bed on Thursday morning last. A shoemaker by trade he worked during the previous evening, and retired in apparently good health. His age was about 56 years.

Railroad Time Changed.—A new time table went into effect on the Gettysburg Railroad on Monday, necessitated by a change on the Northern Central. The first train now leaves Gettysburg at 8.50 A. M. and returns at 12.15 P. M. The second train leaves at 1.15 P. M. and returns at 5.40 P. M.

Horse Stolen.—A horse belonging to Edward Little, in this place, was stolen from the stable, with saddle and bridle on Thursday night last. The animal is a bay, eight years old, sprained on the right hind leg and a cribber. A reward of $25 is offered for the arrest of the thief and the return of the property.

Trout Raising.—We see it stated that the Silver Spring dam, about three miles from Mechanicsburg, Cumberland county, has been leased by a stock company, with a view of raising trout on an extensive scale. Suitable buildings are now being erected and the necessary preparations made for the successful propagation of this savory fish.

Wolves About.—A wolf story in these days sounds like a romance of the olden time. Nevertheless it is true that a week ago Mr. Levi Mellinger, residing in North Middleton township, discovered two wolves worrying his [illegible] chased them to the mountain, where all trace of them was lost. The Carlisle *Volunteer* is responsible for this story.

Fountain.—Mr. John Rupp's handsome property, on Baltimore street, has been rendered still more attractive by the addition of a beautiful fountain in the flower yard. The basin is quite large, probably twelve feet in diameter, the figure in the centre appropriate, and the flow of water strong and constant. Gold and other fish will presently be placed in the pool. The fountain is not only a much and deservedly admired adornment of Mr. Rupp's property, but of the town also.

Elected to the Legislature.—At the election in the State of Indiana, in October last, Wm. Laughinbaugh, Esq., (an ex-Sheriff of this county,) was chosen to the Legislature from Blackford and Jay counties by a majority of over 300—Blackford above 200 and Jay about 100. This is announced as quite a triumph, the latter county having been uniformly Radical. We congratulate Mr. Laughinbaugh, and can assure him that his success is received with gratification by his many friends in the old "bailiwick."

Railroad Accident.—Mr. David Troxel, Jr., in charge of Bigham & Bro's car for Baltimore, met with a severe accident at New Oxford, on Tuesday. The car had been run into Hershey's switch, to receive some freight, and as it was being started back to the main track, Mr. Troxel attempted to step from it into the warehouse, but was caught between the moving car and building, and held there until the car passed. Though terribly bruised we are glad to learn that there were no bones broken. Mr. Troxel proceeded with his car as far as Hanover but returned in the evening to his home in this place, feeling a good deal of pain. We hope to hear of his entire recovery in a few days.

Copper Land.—The "Watson Farm", situated in Hamiltonban township, this county, and purchased by D. B. Russell, Esq., of Waynesboro', has been examined by A. J. Bechdolt, Professor of Natural Sciences in Mercersburg College, with a view to its development for copper. His printed report is before us. He says that "surface specimens of rock containing specks and threads of copper ore rich in the oxide of copper can be procured in plenty," and continues, "Even in the few hours I spent in the section I was able to trace the rock containing copper for over a mile in a south-western direction, but as one goes southward from Mr. Russell's tract the copper specimens become fewer and poorer." A chemical analysis of two specimens made by Prof. Chas. H. Budd, M. D., of Franklin and Marshall College, developed in the one 15 per cent and in the other 20 per cent of copper. A surface specimen of decomposed rock and containing the carbonate of copper yielded over 10 per cent. The report further states that "on account of the nature of the ore, viz.: its freedom from impurities and ease of smelting, even a small per centage would pay richly." Mr. Russell is now at work sinking a shaft on the property.

Coal!—Coal.—Jacob Sheads is dealing in Coal, as well as Lumber. The best of Stove Coal, as well as Blacksmith Coal, always on hand and sold at lowest prices. Coal delivered anywhere in town. 1t

Death of Michael Leib.—A Heartrending Accident.—Mr. Michael Leib, an aged and highly respected citizen of Paradise township, met with an accident, on Monday afternoon last, which resulted in his death. He was on his way home, accompanied by his daughter, when his horse became frightened, and not being able to manage him, started and ran away, throwing both of them out of the buggy, almost instantly killing Mr. Leib and injuring the young lady to such a degree that poor hopes of her recovery are entertained. The sad occurrence took place on the Gettysburg turnpike, about six miles west of this Borough. The deceased and his daughter were on a visit to Lancaster county, and we are told that his horse also ran off in the vicinity of Wrightsville, and that he was thrown from the buggy and received a compound fracture of the arm. This took place only a few hours previous to the above sad occurrence which deprived him of his life. He was a man highly esteemed for his virtues, and his untimely end is universally lamented by the entire community in which he resided.—*York Press.*

Destructive Fire.—On Wednesday night, the barn of Mrs. Eliza Sterner, about two miles from this place, was totally destroyed by fire together with all its contents, consisting of eight horses, five of which belonged to the Wrightsville Iron Ore Company and three to a Lancaster County Company, one cow, belonging to Mr. Lynch, about 700 bushels of corn, 150 bushels of oats, and 60 bushels of wheat, belonging to Mrs. Sterner. The fire was first discovered by Mr. Lynch, who immediately gave the alarm, by sounding the whistle of an engine attached to the ore bank close by, but by the time assistance arrived the flames had made such rapid progress that all efforts to save the lives of the horses were unavailing. The fire was undoubtedly the work of an incendiary. There was an insurance on the barn in the Littlestown Mutual Protection Fire Insurance Company.—*Littlestown Press.*

Vote.—The property holders of Hanover are to vote "for" or "against" lighting the streets of that town with gas.

Snow.—We had snow—a few flakes—on Saturday.

New Firm.—The firm of Rebert & Elliott has been dissolved, and that of Rebert & Pushman takes its place. The stock is being increased by large additions of Goods from the principal cities, to which the attention of the public is respectfully invited. Call in and judge for yourselves. The ladies will find a full assortment of Dress Goods, and nothing shall be wanting in the line of gentlemen's wear. Terms low. 1t

We invite attention to the advertisement in another column of the Great American Tea Co., of New York City. The inducement to parties to get up clubs for their goods is worthy of notice. This company has been established for ten years and their numerous patrons give them full credit for reliability, promptness and fair dealing, and all testify to the excellent quality and low prices of their goods. As they warrant all their goods to give satisfaction or refund the money and expenses, no risk is run in ordering them or order. 1t

That Iron is Valuable as a Medicine has long been known, but it is only since the [illegible] in the form of Peruvian Syrup that its full power over disease has been brought to light. Its effect in cases of dyspepsia and debility is most salutary. 1t

Low Prices Ahead Again.—Great Bargains will be sold from now until April, to make room for Spring goods. Samuel Wolf will sell Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes at greatly reduced prices—lower than any other establishment in this town. Overcoats worth $25 for $16, Overcoats worth $12 for $8, Overcoats worth $8 for $6, Dress Coats worth $18 for $14, Dress Coats worth $15 for $11, Dress Coats worth $12 for $8, Dress Coats worth $10 for $6.50, Dress Coats worth $8 for $6, and good everyday Coats for $2, $3, $4.50, $5.50 and $5. Vests at astonishingly low prices. Pants at $1.82 and $1. Clocks, Watches and Jewelry lower than the lowest. As Samuel is determined not to be undersold, do not fail to call at Samson's old corner—northeast corner of the Diamond. 1t

Always Ahead.—Capt. Norris is determined not to be outdone by rivals, and has again added largely to his stock for Fall and Winter Wear. If you want a Fashionable *Hat*, Coat, Pants, Vest or a good pair of Boots or Shoes or any kind of Underwear as cheap as before the War, Norris's Head Quarters is the place, (Arnold's corner.) Young gents, if you want a Fashionable Necktie or Bow, don't forget that Norris is getting new styles every week and always has the latest. His stock of Hats is the largest in the county and greatly reduced in price. All styles and prices. If you want to save money, go to Norris's corner. 3t

Country Produce.—Wm. Blair & Son will hereafter exchange goods for butter, eggs, lard, bacon, dried fruit with their retail customers—and will give the best prices for them that the market will afford. Persons in want of country produce please give us a call.

WM. BLAIR & SON,
tf South End, Carlisle Pa.

Lumber.—The attention of Carpenters and Builders is invited to the extensive assortment at the Lumber Yard of Col. C. H. Buehler, on Carlisle st. opposite the Passenger Depot. River and Mountain Pine, Hemlock, Laths, Siding, Joists, Scantling, Shingles, Pickets, Fencing Posts, &c. &c., furnished in any quantity and at lowest rates. tf

Accounts from Gallon Ohio, report that the double baby near that place still continues to exist and appear quite healthy. One of the heads goes to sleep while the other looks bright and wakeful. Latterly hundreds of visitors have thronged from all parts of the country to see the monstrosity. The father now devotes all his time to the business of showing it and charges an admission fee of one dollar. When visitors throng the rooms in large numbers, the nurse goes through the ceremony of feeding both heads.

The following dispatch has been received by the Literary Bureau from Mark Twain: "A son was born to me yesterday, and with the true family instinct he has gone to lecturing already. His subject is the same as Josh Billings's—'Milk.' You are hereby constituted his agent and instructed to make arrangements with lyceums."

John Martin, colored, convicted at the late term of the Circuit Court of Frederick county, Md., of violating the person of an old lady residing in Mt. Pleasant District, has been sentenced to be hung.

A story has been going the rounds of the papers that a son of Hon. George H. Pendleton is distinguishing himself in the defence of Paris. We are rather inclined to disbelieve the story. The fact that Hon. George H. Pendleton has no son shakes our faith in it.

COMMUNICATED

SUNDAY SCHOOL INSTITUTE.

The Sunday School officers, teachers and friends of East Berlin and vicinity, assembled in the Union Church at Berlin for the purpose of organizing a Sunday School Teachers' Institute.

Dr. P. W. Meisenhelder was called on to act as temporary Chairman. After spending a few moments in prayer the Institute proceeded to organize permanently by electing Mr. P. S. Wagoner President and J. O. Baughman Secretary. After spending a few moments in singing the representatives of the different Schools were called on to report the condition of their Schools. Mr. F. S. Trostle of Berlin, Mr. J. G. Wolf, of Abbottstown, Mr. Wm. Long, of Fairgsville, and Mr. J. B. Baughman of Paradise, responded. The Schools reported are in a promising condition. The remainder of the afternoon was spent in discussing questions relating to Sunday Schools, their management, &c. A few letters from friends of the Sunday School cause were read regretting that they were compelled to be absent. After singing a few hymns, the Institute adjourned at 7 o'clock to convene again at 7.

Evening Session. Institute was called to order by the Chairman. The first half hour was spent in devotional exercises. Minutes of the afternoon session were read and adopted. The question, "Should Sunday Schools be continued throughout all the year," was ably and interestingly spoken upon by Col. J. A. Stahl, Mr. J. B. Baughman and Dr. B. H. Shearer. After the singing of another hymn the question, "How may we best enlist the co-operation of adults in the Sabbath School?" was opened for discussion by Dr. B. H. Shearer and freely spoken on by the friends of the cause. Dr. P. W. Meisenhelder then spoke on the subjects "What should be the qualifications of a Sabbath School teacher?" and "Should unconverted teachers be employed?" He was followed on the same subjects by Dr. B. H. Shearer, Col. J. A. Stahl, Messrs. J. B. Baughman and P. S. Wagoner. After this an opportunity for general remarks was given. On motion of Mr. D. E. Holling a committee of five was appointed by the Chairman to make the necessary arrangements for the next meeting. The committee is appointed consists of Mr. J. C. Hildebrand, of Berlin, Messrs. D. L. Hollinger and J. C. Wolf, of Abbottstown, and Messrs. J. R. Diehl and David Hoke, of New Oxford. A vote of thanks was tendered to the friends from a distance for their presence and for their efforts to make the exercises interesting, also to the members of the Church council for the use of the Church. On motion the Institute adjourned. If the interest which was manifested continues, the Institute will doubtless prove a blessing to the Schools by which it is supported.

J. O. BAUGHMAN, Sec'y.

Catarrh, with all of its loathsome and disgusting symptoms, is entirely removed and speedily cured with Briggs's Alleviator. The cheapest, quickest and most agreeable remedy before the public. $1,000 will be paid when this remedy fails to cure catarrh, Headache, Neuralgia, &c., if used according to directions. Sold by A. D. Buehler and J. M. Huber, Gettysburg, Wertz, Musselman & Co., Fairfield, and Druggists generally.

Briggs' Pile Remedies are valuable.

Corns! What is more annoying than Corns. What is more oppressive than Bunions. What is more painful than Ingrowing Nails? Quickly cured with Dr. J. Briggs' Modern Curative. Sold by all Druggists. Sent by mail 60 cents.

DR. J. BRIGGS & CO., Newark, N. J.

Briggs' Throat and Lung Healer is unequalled. Oct. 28.—1t

Prime Oysters.—E. H. Minnigh makes it a point to serve up the VERY BEST Oysters that can be secured in the Baltimore market. He has special accommodations for Ladies and Gentlemen, who will find everything in prime order. Oysters served up in every style to suit the most fastidious. Call and see for yourselves. tf

The Best Stove now in market for heating, economy and comfort is admitted all round to be the Morning Glory. It defies all competition and that is the judgment of all who have used it. It is just the thing for Offices, Stores, Parlors and Chambers. Call at C. H. Buehler's Ware Room, opposite the Passenger Depot, and examine for yourselves. tf

A Chance for Bargains.—Cobean & Cunningham having determined to close out their stock of Ready Made Clothing, are now selling all kinds of Coats, Pants, Vests, &c. at largely reduced prices, many of them less than cost. Now is the time to secure bargains. The goods are first class, and will positively be sold without regard to cost. tf

According to the Chicago *Times* the aggregate of Democratic gains in the recent elections in Illinois, amounts to over forty one thousand.

MARRIED.

On the 10th inst., by Rev. [illegible], Mr. R. M. [illegible] to Miss LUCY A. [illegible], both of Tyrone township, this county.

On the 17th inst., by the Rev. J. Brittain, Mr. McCURDY [illegible] to Miss [illegible], both of [illegible].

On the 10th inst., in [illegible], by the Rev. [illegible], Mr. FRANCIS GOLDEN to Miss VIRGINIA RIDER, both of this county.

On Thursday evening Nov. [illegible] 1870, at Harrisburg, by the Rev. J. H. Robinson, Hon. [illegible] RUSSELL, Adjutant General of the Commonwealth, to Miss ELIZABETH M. FISHER, daughter of the late J. Adams Fisher, all of Harrisburg.

On the 10th inst., in Littlestown, by Rev. [illegible], Mr. WILLIAM H. [illegible] of Frederick county, Md., to Miss MARIETTA [illegible], of Union town, Carroll county, Md.

On the 10th inst., by Rev. [illegible], Mr. MATTHIAS W. RUPP to Miss MARY [illegible] WANTZ, both of this county.

On the 11 inst., by Rev. Dr. [illegible], Mr. GEORGE CHRONISTER to Miss HONORA [illegible] BATTERMAN.

On the 17th inst., by Rev. Father [illegible], Mr. JOSEPH McKINNEY to Miss [illegible] MARTIN, all of [illegible].

DIED.

On Tuesday last, in this place, Mr. JOHN [illegible], aged [illegible] years and [illegible] months. Funeral Thursday at 10 A. M.

On the 18th of October last, in Buchanan Valley, Mr. ANDREW McKENRICK, in the [illegible] of his age.

On the [illegible] instant, Mr. FREDERICK [illegible]CHMAN, Sr., of Berwick township, aged [illegible] years and [illegible] months.

On the 14th inst., in Franklin township, Mr. JACOB BIESECKER, aged [illegible] years and [illegible] days.

On the 14th inst., in Littlestown, GEORGE [illegible], aged [illegible] years and [illegible] months.

On the 7th inst., in Reading township, Mr. CONRAD [illegible], aged [illegible] years and [illegible] days.

Near East Berlin on the 6th inst., Mr. JOHN [illegible], aged 6 years [illegible] months and [illegible] days.

On the [illegible] inst., at the residence of her father, Hon. John [illegible], near Jamestown, Mrs. MARGARET, wife of Robert C. [illegible], in the [illegible] year of her age.

On the 9th inst., near Littlestown, Miss LOUISA A. BAIR, aged 20 years and 1 month.

COMMUNICATED.

On the 19th inst., in Straban township, at the residence of her brother-in-law Mr. William Stallsmith, Mrs. CATHARINE WALTER, wife of Mr. Conrad Walter, deceased, in [illegible] year [illegible] month and [illegible] days.

Thou art gone to the grave—but we will not deplore thee,
Though sorrows and darkness encompass the tomb;
The Saviour has passed through its portals before thee,
And the lamp of His love is thy guide through the gloom.

Thou art gone to the grave—but 'twere wrong to deplore thee,
When God was thy Ransom, thy Guardian, thy Guide;
He gave thee, and took thee, and soon will restore thee,
Where death has no sting, since the Saviour hath died."

SISTER.

SPECIAL NOTICES

To Consumptives.

The advertiser having been permanently cured of that dread disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used, (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure Cure for Coughs, Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. Parties wishing the prescription will please address Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON, [illegible] South Second Street, Williamsburg, N. Y. [illegible]

Deafness, Blindness and Catarrh.

[illegible]

Philosophy of Marriage.

[illegible]

Howard Sanitary Aid Association.

[illegible] HOWARD ASSOCIATION, No. 2 South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. [illegible]

Errors of Youth.

[illegible] JOHN B. OGDEN, [illegible] Cedar Street, New York. [illegible]

Dr. SCHENCK advises Consumptives to go to Florida in Winter.

[illegible] J. H. SCHENCK, M. D., N. E. Cor. SIXTH & [illegible] Sts., Philadelphia. Nov. 11, 1870.—1m

STORE ROOM

FOR RENT.

THE undersigned offers for rent the STORE ROOM in his new building, on Chambersburg street, [illegible] of Washington, Gettysburg. The building will be completed by Jan. 1, 1871. DAVID STERNER.

Nov. 4, 1870.—1m

Restaurant License.

THE following applicant for a Restaurant License has filed his petition [illegible] with the proper number of signers, and will be presented at the next Court of Quarter Sessions on MONDAY the 28th day of NOVEMBER 1870:

John H. [illegible], Cumberland [illegible] township. [illegible] Hamiltonban twp. Nov. 11. [illegible] WOLF, Clerk.

Notice.

THE first and final account of James P. Ross, committee of the person and estate of Ann Ewing, late of Franklin township, Adams county, (a Lunatic,) has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, and will be confirmed by said Court on the 28th day of Nov., A. D. 1870, unless cause be shown to the contrary.

JACOB MELHORN, Proth'y.

Oct. 28, 1870.—1t

FOR SALE.

A VERY DESIRABLE RESIDENCE, with 15 ACRES OF LAND, adjoining the Borough of Gettysburg. It will be for rent until the 1st of April next.

GEO. ARNOLD, Agent.

Oct. 28.—tf

The Gettysburg Compil[er]

THE WAR IN EUROPE.

At and around Paris all is apparently [illegible]. The same may be said regarding Eastern battle fields in France. [illegible] however regarding the movements of the [illegible] of the Loire are highly important [illegible]

[illegible]

This is a good thing from Josh [Bil]lings's lecture: "A man that st[ays] on the day of his marriage, is a [illegible] lieutenant, in his family, need ne[ver] expect to be promoted."

MARKET REPORTS

Gettysburg

FLOUR,	
RYE FLOUR,	
RED WHEAT,	
CORN,	
RYE,	
OATS,	
HAY,	8 00 @ [illegible]
FLAX SEED,	
TIMOTHY SEED,	

Baltimore

FLOUR,	3 75 @ [illegible]
WHEAT,	1 25 @ [illegible]
RYE,	75 @ [illegible]
CORN,	75 @ [illegible]
OATS,	40 @ [illegible]
HOGS, ℔ hund.	9 50 @ [illegible]
BEEF CATTLE, ℔ hund.	7 00 @ [illegible]
HAY,	18 00 @ [illegible]

STOCKS AND BONDS

Closing Prices of De Haven & Bro., South 3d St., Philadelphia.

3 o'clock, P. M., Nov. 19, 1870.

U. S. 6's of '81	113
" " '62,	107
" " '64,	106
" " '65,	106½
" " '65, new,	108½
" " '67,	109
" " '68,	109
" 5's 10-40's,	106
U. S. 30 Year 6 per cent. Cy	110
Gold,	112
Silver,	106
Union Pacific R. R. 1st M. Bonds	820
Central Pacific R. R.	900
Union Pacific Land Grant Bonds	720

Pork Wanted.

THE undersigned is now buying PORK at his Store, next door to the Post Office. [illegible] GEO. E. KALBFLEISCH.

Gettysburg, Nov. 25, 1870.—[illegible]

Notice.

I CAUTION all persons against negotiating a Note drawn by me for Sixty five Dollars in favor of George Trimmer, dated March [illegible] 1870, payable twelve months after date, as I will not pay said note, not having received value for it.

C. I. GOLDSBOROUGH.

Nov. 25, 1870.—3t

CARPET-WEAVING

THE undersigned informs the public that he still carries on the CARPET WEAVING at his residence, in Straban township, on the York pike, four miles from Gettysburg. All orders promptly attended to, and satisfaction guaranteed. JACOB BEAMER.

Nov. 25, 1870.—[illegible]

NewspaperARCHIVE®

NewspaperARCHIVE®

SPECIAL NOTICES

To Consumptives.

[illegible]

Philosophy of Marriage.

[illegible]

Errors of Youth.

[illegible]

SCENCK'S SYRUP OF Consumption.

[illegible]

Dr. Schenck's Mandrake Pills.

[illegible]

Dr. Schenck's Seaweed Tonic.

[illegible]

Dr. Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup.

[illegible]

Dr. Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup.

[illegible]

**Dr. Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup

Farming and Housekeeping.

PICKLING PORK AND CURING HAMS.

A correspondent in the *Country Gentleman* writes from New Hill, Sangamon county, Ill., in reply to "a Farmer's Wife," asking direction for pickling pork, and gives the following method:

For each 100 pounds of pork, weigh out 8 pounds of salt. After the meat is cold, rub each piece well with part of the salt. Repeat the operation the next day. The third day take the remainder of the salt, which should be about 5 pounds, add to it 2 pounds brown sugar, 4 ounces saltpetre, 1 pint of molasses, and about 3 gallons of water. Boil and skim, and when cold, pour over the meat, which should in the meantime have been closely packed in a suitable vessel and weighed down just enough to insure its all being covered with the brine. Eight pounds of salt, 2 pounds of sugar, 4 ounces of saltpetre, and 1 pint of molasses, are enough to cure 100 pounds of pork in good style, and if 3 gallons of water does not make brine enough to cover the meat, (which is sometimes the case when the pieces are so rough that they cannot be packed close,) more water must be used. In six weeks the meat should be taken out, and the brine boiled and skimmed, so as to remove the blood. Rinse the meat in cold water and rinse out the vessel, than repack, and when the brine cools, pour it over as before, being sure to have enough to cover all the meat. To this end it may be necessary to make some new. About the last of March or the first of April, when the weather begins to get warm, the brine should again be boiled and skimmed, and the meat replaced as before. If kept in a good cellar it will remain good and palatable as far into the summer as you may wish to have it, and when taken out to cook will be found to look as bright and fresh as fresh pork itself. We cure hams and shoulders in this way—only at the end of six weeks they are taken from the brine, hung up to dry, and then smoked. Better cured hams we have never seen. It is sometimes convenient to cure the hams and shoulders and pieces for pickle pork all together in the same vessel, in which case, when the hams and shoulders are taken out to hang in the smoke-house, the brine left in the vessel will be enough to cover the remaining meat. It should be boiled and skimmed as above directed.

BLACK BASS.

Some six hundred large and fine Black Bass, from the Potomac, were conveyed by railroad and deposited in the upper waters of the Delaware, on the 24th ult. They bore their transportation remarkably well, and swam off in their new quarters quite lively, where they are expected to propagate largely for the special benefit of epicures in the piscatorial line.

Why not raise a fund for the stocking of our Adams county streams? The Black Bass is one of the best game fish in the world.

GRAPE CUTTINGS.—When grape vines are pruned in November, the cuttings to be saved should be cut into the right length, two or three eyes each, tied up in bundles and buried a foot deep in any garden soil, where water does not stand after rains. The lower ends of the cuttings should be *cut up close to the bud, and the upper* ends about an inch from the top bud.

AFTER-DINNER NAPS.—Many persons are in the habit of sleeping for half an hour or hour immediately after dinner. This is a bad practice. Ten minutes' sleep before dinner is worth more than an hour after. It rests, and refreshes, and prepares the system for vigorous digestion. If sleep is taken after dinner, it should be in a sitting posture, as the horizontal position is unfavorable to healthful digestion. Let those who need rest and sleep during the day take it before dinner instead of after, and they will soon find that they will feel better, and that their digestion will improve thereby.—*Herald of Health.*

A MAN has been sentenced to imprisonment for life in Ohio, for placing obstructions on a railway track.

SINGULAR METEOROLOGICAL PHENOMENON.

The Rain Falls for Five Days, in Clear Weather, on a Group of Graves, and Nowhere Else—Statement of the Son of One of the Deceased—Something for Savans to Solve.

[From the Mobile Register, Nov. 5.]

For several days there have been mysterious and vague rumors of a most remarkable meteorological phenomenon out at the Catholic graveyard on Stone street, above the Three Mile Creek. It is asserted by those who say they have seen it, that for the last five days a gentle shower has fallen continuously on the lot of the Lemoine family, in which are buried Mr. Victor Lemoine and many others of his family. With a view of getting at the facts of this most extraordinary affair, we had, last night, an interview with Mr. Louis B. Lemoine, employed at Asa Holt's, a son of the deceased Victor Lemoine, who died in 1851, who related the following startling particulars: "Having heard that it was reported that it had been raining for several days on the inclosed ground which forms my family burying ground in the Catholic burying ground on Stone street, above the Three Mile Creek, I drove out there last evening to satisfy myself, and to my intense astonishment I saw that a column of rain was coming down without ceasing, which, although hardly powerful enough to lay the dust, was enough to wet the hands or any article, and at times it rained quite hard. The volume of rain fell inside of the inclosure and nowhere else, as the weather was and has been, bright and clear all the time during the five days the rain had been falling on these graves. There are thirteen of my family buried in the lot of ground upon which it has been raining. My mother, brother and sisters visited the spot yesterday, and the day before, to satisfy themselves about the truth of this matter, and declared that they too saw this wonderful phenomenon. It has also been seen by over 200 persons. I took a friend with me when I visited the spot, who also saw the rain falling as described. Mr. John Rosset, the keeper of the cemetery, told me that the rain had commenced falling in heavy drops about five days ago. I am willing to take my oath as to the truth of this statement."

So incredible did this extraordinary affair seem that those who saw it several days ago refrained from stating or asserting what they had seen, for fear that not only their veracity but their sanity would be questioned, and it was not until a number of gentlemen of the first respectability had seen and reported the result of their personal observations that any credence was attached to the matter. Take it altogether, it is certainly the most astounding and miraculous atmospheric wonder that has ever been witnessed in this part of the world, and will doubtless afford abundant food for thought, research and observation, not only among scientific men, but among all classes. There are so many who vouch for the truth of Mr. Lemoine's statement, and his character for veracity is such, that there can no longer be any doubt of the fact that it has been raining for the past five days on the graves of his kindred.

YANTIS HOUSE,

(Formerly Barker's Hotel,)

LITTLESTOWN, PA.

THIS long established and popular Hotel is still kept by the subscriber, who spares no effort to please all who patronize him. The house is not only centrally located, but is commodious and comfortable, and has been furnished entirely new. The best meats, vegetables and delicacies of the season are always found on its table; whilst its bar is first-class, embracing the purest liquors, wines, ales, &c. The luxury of ice can be enjoyed in the proper season. Large stabling is attached, with an attentive hostler. "To please" is the motto at the "Yantis House," and all the subscriber asks is a trial.

O. B. YANTIS, Ag't.

Nov. 11, 1870. tf

GLOBE INN,

YORK STREET, NEAR THE DIAMOND,

GETTYSBURG, PENN'A.

THE undersigned would most respectfully inform his numerous friends and the public generally, that he has purchased that long established and well known Hotel, the "Globe Inn," in York street, Gettysburg, and will spare no effort to conduct it in a manner that will not detract from its former high reputation. His table will have the best the market can afford—his chambers are spacious and comfortable—and he has laid in for his bar a full stock of wines and liquors. There is large stabling attached to the Hotel, which will be attended by attentive ostlers. It will be his constant endeavor to render the fullest satisfaction to his guests, making his house as near a home to them as possible. He asks a share of the public's patronage, determined as he is to deserve a large part of it.—Remember, the "Globe Inn" is in York street, at near the Diamond, or Public Square.

FRANKLIN S. KAMER.

Aug. 13, 1869. tf

NEW HOTEL.

HARRIS HOUSE,

BALTIMORE STREET, GETTYSBURG, PA.

THE undersigned has opened a Hotel, the HARRIS HOUSE, in the lately-enlarged and handsome three-story brick building on Baltimore street, two doors from the Court-house, Gettysburg, Pa., and is provided with accommodations for the comfortable entertainment of a large number of guests. His experience in the business warrants him in promising satisfaction in every case, and he feels certain that those who stop with him once will call again. Charges moderate.

His Table will always be supplied with the best the Gettysburg and Baltimore markets may afford, whilst his Bar will have the choicest wines, liquors, ales, &c.

He also has ample Stabling, with a good Hostler in attendance.

A liberal share of public patronage is respectfully solicited, and no effort will be spared to deserve it.

W. P. HARRIS.

April 8, 1870. tf

KEYSTONE HOUSE,

CHAMBERSBURG ST., GETTYSBURG, PA.,

WM. E. MYERS, PROPRIETOR.

THIS is a new House, fitted up in the most approved style. Its location is pleasant, central and convenient. Every arrangement has been made for the accommodation and comfort of guests. The Table will always have the best of the market, and the Bar the best of wines and liquors.

This Hotel is now open for the entertainment of the public, and a share of patronage is solicited. No effort will be spared to render satisfaction.

Jan. 11, 1867. tf

EAGLE HOTEL,

NEW OXFORD, ADAMS COUNTY, PA.

THE undersigned having purchased the Mansion Hotel property, in New Oxford, Adams county, will conduct it in future, under the name of the "Eagle Hotel." He pledges himself to spare no effort for the comfort of his guests. His table shall have the best the market can afford, and his bar the choicest liquors. His chambers are spacious and comfortable. There is commodious stabling attached to the Hotel, which will be attended by a reliable and accommodating ostler. The proprietor hopes to receive a liberal share of public patronage, and will always try to deserve it. Remember the "Eagle," in the northeast corner of the Diamond, New Oxford.

J. H. WIEST.

March 13, 1868. tf

HOFFMAN'S SALOON,

CARLISLE ST., GETTYSBURG.

THE celebrated SHREWSBURY LAGER, also PRIME ALE, with Switzer Cheese, Rye Bread, Pretzels, Boiled Eggs, &c., can be had at Hoffman's Saloon, in Carlisle street. Everything of the best, and guests promptly and satisfactorily served.

May 7, 1869. tf

The Cucumber Wood

PUMP!!

One dozen reasons why this is the best Pump manufactured in America for

WELLS AND CISTERNS.

1. It is simple. 2. It is reliable. 3. It is Durable. 4. It Works very Easily. 5. It throws Water rapidly. 6. It is all Wood. 7. The Wood is tasteless. 8. It does not Crack in the Sun. 9. It is not liable to get out of order. 10. Should any repairs be necessary in time, they can easily be made by any person. 11. It will not freeze. 12. It is cheaper than any other reliable Pump manufactured.

BALDING'S DOUBLE ACTING GLASS CYLINDER

FORCE PUMP.

Having purchased the exclusive right to sell BALDING'S PATENT SUBMERGE DOUBLE ACTING FORCE & LIFT PUMP, with Glass Chambers, for the county of Adams, in the State of Pennsylvania, I would respectfully call the attention of the public to the following advantages:

1st. Its durability, having a glass cylinder in which all the work is performed, and having no rust, and little or no friction.

2d. Its economy, costing less than any other now in use.

3d. It cannot freeze, because when the pump is not being worked the water falls to its level in the well or cistern.

4th. The freshness of the water is always insured, coming as it does from the bottom of the well; being unlike all other pumps, where the water stands in the stock and hence must taste more or less. While it answers every purpose of an ordinary well-pump, it may be used for SPRINKLING GARDENS, WASHING WINDOWS, EXTINGUISHING FIRES, ELEVATING WATER, &c. It is constructed with a view to durability and simplicity, and for all general purposes, is BELIEVED TO BE WITHOUT AN EQUAL.

I am now prepared to furnish the above pumps, on short notice, fit up complete and in working order. For further information, address me by mail, or call on

JOSEPH RUNKLE,
Cashtown, Adams co., Pa.

Oct. 7, 1870. tf

WATCHES & JEWELRY.

WM. P. McCARTNEY

WISHES to inform his customers and the public generally that, having purchased the interest of his partner (A. V. B. Soper) in the Watch and Jewelry Store on Baltimore street, Gettysburg, he will spare no efforts to give satisfaction to all. He has just returned from the city with a splendid assortment of GOLD AND SILVER AMERICAN AND SWISS WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER-WARE, TEA AND TABLE SPOONS, FORKS, &C., GOLD, SILVER AND STEEL FRAMED SPECTACLES,

Also, CLOCKS of the best manufacture, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, Violin and Guitar Strings, Screws and Bridges.

☞Watch and Clock Work warranted for one year. Jewelry Repairing executed in a neat and workmanlike manner.

Sept. 10, 1869. tf

BEST

NOTION HOUSE

IN BALTIMORE.

LAWRENCE D. DIETZ & CO.,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in

GERMAN, ENGLISH AND FRENCH FANCY GOODS, HOSIERY, NOTIONS, &C.,

308 and 310 West Baltimore Street, (between Howard and Liberty Streets,)

BALTIMORE, MD.

Oct. 23, 1868. tf

BARGAINS! GREAT BARGAINS!!

AT THE

NEW GROCERY

IN GETTYSBURG.

JACOB W. CRESS,

NORTHWEST Corner of the Public Square, Gettysburg, is constantly receiving fresh

GROCERIES,

including Sugars, Coffees, Molasses, Syrups, Teas, Spices, Tobacco, Salt, Fish, Hams, Shoulders, &c.

Also, QUEENSWARE, CONFECTIONS, Nuts, Fruits, Soaps, Fancy Articles and Notions generally. He will also keep constantly on hand FLOUR and FEED-STUFFS.

Having purchased for CASH, I am prepared to sell very cheap. Give me a call, and judge for yourselves.

JACOB W. CRESS.

Gettysburg, Feb. 26, 1869. tf

FORTUNES offered to live men. Rare Chance. Send Stamp. Diamond K. Co., Wilmington, Del. Sept. 9. 3m

SILK HATS, of the latest style and superior quality, for sale by PICKING & CO.

Ayer's

HAIR VIGOR,

For Restoring GRAY HAIR to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

A. D. Buehler, Agent.

Jan. 21, 1870. 1y

GETTYSBURG NATIONAL BANK.

GOVERNMENT BONDS, of all kinds BOUGHT and SOLD.

The HIGHEST PREMIUM paid on GOLD and SILVER.

COUPONS CASHED or COLLECTED.

Persons desiring to invest in STOCKS or BONDS, of any kind, are invited to call, as we have the facilities of New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore markets, consequently all orders are PROMPTLY EXECUTED.

Persons possessing COUPON BONDS, and desiring, for safety, to convert into REGISTERED, are requested to call, as we have the advantage to transfer at a trifling expense.

INTERNAL REVENUE STAMPS, of all denominations, for sale.

Interest on SPECIAL DEPOSITS *advanced 1 per cent., viz:*

5 per cent. for 1 year,

4 per cent. for 6 months,

3 per cent. for 3 months.

Persons wishing information in regard to U. S. Bonds, and Stocks of all kinds, are invited to give us a call, and we will give all information cheerfully.

J. EMORY BAIR, Cashier.

Gettysburg, Nov. 5, 1869. tf

THE BLEES PATENT

NOISELESS LINK-MOTION LOCK-STITCH

SEWING MACHINE

Challenges the world in perfection of work, strength and beauty of stitch, durability of construction and rapidity of motion. Call and examine, and for *agencies* and *circulars*, apply at principal office, 623 Broadway, New York.

April 29, 1870. 1y

Wm. C. Stallsmith & Son,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

CARPENTERS AND CONTRACTORS.

DOORS, SHUTTERS, BLINDS, SASH, DOOR AND WINDOW FRAMES, CORNICE, DOOR & WINDOW BRACKETS,

constantly on hand and manufactured to order of the

BEST MATERIALS,

by experienced workmen, and at

REASONABLE RATES.

☞Orders promptly attended to.

Jan. 22, 1869. tf

ANOTHER BAKERY.

THE undersigned has opened a Bakery at the corner of Washington and High streets Gettysburg, and invites the public's patronage.

FRESH BREAD,

ROLLS, TWIST,

CAKES, PRETZELS, &C.,

EVERY DAY.

By using the best of flour and other materials, and doing his work well, he hopes to give satisfaction in every case. Call at or send your orders to the Bakery, corner of Washington and High streets, opposite the Female Institute and Powers's Granite Yard.

CHRISTIAN HOFFMAN.

April 17, 1868. tf

BLACKSMITHING.

B. G. HOLLEBAUGH

HAS opened a Blacksmith Shop on Washington street, next door to Chritzman's Carpenter Shop, and is prepared to do all kinds of

BLACKSMITHING,

at reasonable rates, and invites a share of public patronage.

REPAIRING

of all kinds done. Give me a call.

April 30, 1869. tf

THE MAGIC COMB will change any colored hair or beard to a permanent black or brown. It contains *no poison*. Any one can use it. One sent by mail for $1. Address MAGIC COMB CO., Springfield, Mass.

Sept. 2, 1870. 3m

Go to Klingel's

FOR YOUR BOOTS, SHOES & GAITERS!

D. H. KLINGEL, on Baltimore street, a few doors above the Court-house, Gettysburg, has just received a large stock of Boots, Shoes and Gaiters, which he is selling at greatly reduced prices. It embraces:

FOR LADIES—Congress Gaiters, Balmoral Gaiters, Kid Slippers, all styles, Morocco Balmorals, &c.

FOR GENTLEMEN—French Calf Boots, American Calf Boots, Kip Boots, Congress Gaiters, Calf Balmorals, Slippers, all styles, Brogans, &c.

FOR MISSES—Congress Gaiters, Balmoral Gaiters, Morocco Balmorals, &c.

FOR BOYS—Congress Gaiters, Calf Balmorals, Brogans, &c.

Infant Shoes of all kinds.

Also, Boots and Shoes of his own manufacture constantly on hand.

Buyers, from town and country, are invited to call and examine goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere, feeling confident that I can please all who may call.

THE MANUFACTURING

of Boots, Shoes and Gaiters will also be carried on, in all its branches, as before. Repairing done on short notice. By employing none but first-class workmen, and using none but the choicest leather, he feels confident of maintaining his former reputation. Certainly nothing will be left undone to deserve it.

Thankful for past favors, he solicits a continuance of public patronage.

D. H. KLINGEL.

Gettysburg, May 6, 1870. tf

$10,000 GUARANTEE.

Buck Lead Excels all other LEAD!

1st. For its Unrivaled WHITENESS.
2nd. For its Unequaled DURABILITY.
3d. For its Unsurpassed COVERING PROPERTY.
Lastly for its ECONOMY,

☞It costs less to paint with Buck Lead than any other White Lead extant. The same weight covers MORE SURFACE, is MORE DURABLE, and makes WHITER WORK. BUCK LEAD is the Cheapest and Best.

$10,000 GUARANTEE.

Buck Zinc Excels all other ZINCS.

1st. For its Unequaled DURABILITY,
2nd. For its Unrivaled WHITENESS.
3d. For its Unsurpassed COVERING PROPERTY.
Lastly, for its Great ECONOMY, being the CHEAPEST, HANDSOMEST and most DURABLE White Paint in the world.

BUY ONLY

BUCK LEAD AND BUCK ZINC;

TRY IT AND BE CONVINCED.

Satisfaction Guaranteed by the Manufacturers.

BUCK COTTAGE COLORS,

Prepared expressly for Painting COTTAGES, OUTBUILDINGS of every description, FENCES, &c. THIRTY-FIVE DIFFERENT COLORS, Durable, Cheap, Uniform, and Beautiful shades.

Sample cards sent by Mail if desired.

Dealers' orders will be promptly executed by the Manufacturers,

FRENCH, RICHARDS & CO.,

N. W. COR. TENTH & MARKET STREETS,
PHILADELPHIA.

Jan. 21, 1870. 1y

Sixty-Five First Prize Medals Awarded.

THE GREAT

BALTIMORE PIANO

MANUFACTORY.

WILLIAM KNABE & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT

PIANO FORTES,

BALTIMORE, MD.

These Instruments have been before the public for nearly Thirty years, and upon their excellence alone attained an *unpurchased preeminence*, which pronounces them unequaled. Their

TONE

combines great power, sweetness and fine singing quality, as well as great purity of Intonation, and sweetness throughout the entire scale. Their

TOUCH

is pliant and elastic, and entirely free from the stiffness found in so many Pianos.

IN WORKMANSHIP

they are unequaled, using none but the very best seasoned material, the large capital employed in our business enabling us to keep continually an immense stock of lumber, &c., on hand.

All our *Square Pianos* have our New Improved OVERSTRUNG SCALE and the AGRAFFE TREBLE.

We would call special attention to our late improvements in GRAND PIANOS and SQUARE GRANDS, patented Aug. 14, 1866, which bring the Piano nearer perfection than has yet been attained.

EVERY PIANO FULLY WARRANTED FOR 5 YEARS.

We have made arrangements for the *Sole Wholesale Agency* for the most celebrated PARLOR ORGANS and MELODEONS, which we offer Wholesale and Retail at the Lowest Factory Prices.

WILLIAM KNABE & CO.,
Baltimore, Md.

Sept. 2, 1870. 6m.

ROBERT M'CURDY,

DEALER IN

FLOUR, GRAIN, GROCERIES, &C.

THE undersigned is paying, at his Warehouse, in Carlisle street, adjoining Buehler's Hall, the highest prices for

FLOUR, WHEAT, RYE, CORN, OATS, BUCKWHEAT, CLOVER AND TIMOTHY SEEDS, POTATOES, &C.

and invites producers to give him a call before selling.

He has constantly on hand for sale,

A LARGE SUPPLY OF GROCERIES,

Molasses, Syrups, Coffees, Sugars, &c., with Salt, Fish, Oils, Tar, Soaps, Bacon and Lard, Tobacco, &c. Also the best brands of FLOUR with FEED of all kinds. He likewise has

SEVERAL VALUABLE FERTILIZERS,

Soluble Pacific Guano, Rhodes' Phosphate and A A Mexican Guano.

Whilst he pays the highest market prices for all he buys, he sells at the lowest living profits. He asks a share of public patronage, resolved to give satisfaction in every case.

Gettysburg, July 30, 1869.

GROVER & BAKER'S

FIRST PREMIUM

ELASTIC STITCH

FAMILY

SEWING MACHINES

495 *Broadway, New York,*

730 *Chestnut Street, Philadelphia*

POINTS OF EXCELLENCE.

Beauty and Elasticity of Stitch.
Perfection and Simplicity of Machinery.
Using both threads directly from the spools.
No fastening of seams by hand and no waste of thread.
Wide range of application without change of adjustment.
The seam retains its beauty and firmness after washing and ironing.
Besides doing all kinds of work done by other Sewing Machines, these Machines execute the most beautiful and permanent Embroidery and ornamental work.

☞The Highest Premiums at all the Fairs and Exhibitions of the United States and Europe, have been awarded the Grover & Baker Sewing Machines, and the work done by them, wherever exhibited in competition.

☞The very highest prize, THE CROSS OF THE LEGION OF HONOR, was conferred on the representative of the Grover & Baker Sewing Machines, at the Exposition Universelle, Paris, 1867, thus attesting their great superiority over all other Sewing Machines.

☞For sale by D. W. ROBISON, Gettysburg.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned, having had 17 years experience as a practical Operator on Sewing Machines, would recommend the Grover & Baker Family Machine as the cheapest and best machine for family use. The simplicity of construction and elasticity of stitch made by these machines are two very important points in their favor. 250,000 of these machines are to-day bearing witness to the truth of our assertions and the demand is steadily increasing.

We have also Shuttle Machines on hand for Tailors' and Coach Trimmers' use. Call and see us.

D. W. ROBISON, Agent,
Chambersburg Street, Gettysburg, Pa.

Feb. 4, 1870. tf

ULCERS—TUMORS—CANCERS.

DR. KLINE, *at the Philadelphia Cancer Institute*, 931 Arch St.; Prof. Dalton, 238 W. 4th St., Cincinnati, O., and Dr. Greene, at Charlotte, N. C., are making astonishing cures of all by their great Cancer Antidotes without the knife or caustic medicine, and with but little pain. Every root and fibre is killed and removed, if taken in time and cannot return. Beware of bogus Professors, with their bogus treatments, stealing our advertisements. No others have these treatments. None other should ever be used. For particulars, send for circular, call, or address as above.

Sept. 16, 1870. 3m

Sharp Notice.

THE undersigned hereby notifies those indebted to him to make immediate payment. All accounts unsettled after the first of April next will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection. Settle and save costs!

JACOB BRINKERHOFF.

Feb. 25, 1870. tf

GO to NORRIS', if you want fashionable HAT or CAP.

REMOVAL.

New Oxford Drug Store.

THE undersigned has removed his Drug Store into his new and spacious room, on the northeast corner of the Public Square, New Oxford, where everything will be found fitted up in elegant style. The room is considered the handsomest for a Drug Store in the county, and the proprietor asks all to call and see for themselves. He would also call attention to his stock of

PAINTS,
OILS,
VARNISHES,
DYE STUFFS,
WINDOW GLASS,
PATENT MEDICINES,

and a full assortment of DRUGS; in a word a complete stock of Goods generally kept in a first-class Drug Store, all of which have been purchased within a short time, and will be sold low. All the articles formerly manufactured at the old establishment in East Berlin can be had here. Understanding his business perfectly, and selecting his goods himself he is able to warrant his Drugs pure and as represented. The public are requested to give him a trial.

D. M. MILLER.

New Oxford, March 5, 1869. tf

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A LAXATIVE MEDICINE.

PERHAPS no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill*. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For DYSPEPSIA or INDIGESTION, LISTLESSNESS, LANGUOR and LOSS OF APPETITE, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For LIVER COMPLAINT and its various symptoms, BILIOUS HEADACHE, SICK HEADACHE, JAUNDICE or GREEN SICKNESS, BILIOUS COLIC and BILIOUS FEVERS, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For DYSENTERY or DIARRHŒA, but one mild dose is generally required.

For RHEUMATISM, GOUT, GRAVEL, PALPITATION OF THE HEART, PAIN IN THE SIDE, BACK and LOINS, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For DROPSY and DROPSICAL SWELLINGS they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For SUPPRESSION a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

A. D. Buehler, Agent.

Jan. 21, 1870. eow

CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS.

THE undersigned have resumed the Carriage-making business,

AT THEIR OLD STAND,

In East Middle Street, Gettysburg, Pa.,

where they are prepared to put up work in the most fashionable, substantial and superior manner. A lot of new and second-hand

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &C., ON HAND,

which they will dispose of at the lowest prices; and all orders will be supplied as promptly and satisfactorily as possible.

REPAIRING DONE WITH DESPATCH,

and at cheapest rates.

A large lot of new and old HARNESS on hand and for sale.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore enjoyed by them, they solicit and will endeavor to deserve a large share in the future.

DANNER & ZIEGLER.

July 10, 1865. tf

ADAMS COUNTY

MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

INCORPORATED, MARCH 18, 1851.

OFFICERS.

President—George Swope.
Vice President—Samuel R. Russell.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—E. G. Fahnestock.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, J. A. Picking, Jacob King.

Managers—George Swope, D. A. Buehler, R. McCurdy, M. Eichelberger, S. R. Russell, E. G. Fahnestock, A. D. Buehler, R. G. McCreary, Gettysburg; Jacob King, Straban township; Frederick Diehl, Franklin; Wm. D. Hines, New Oxford; Wm. B. Wilson, Bendersville; H. A. Picking, Straban; John Wolford, Latimore; John Picking, East Berlin; Abel T. Wright, Bendersville; Abdiel F. Gitt, New Oxford; Jas. H. Marshall, Hamiltonban; John Cunningham, Freedom; John Horner, Mountjoy; Wm. Ross White, Liberty.

☞This Company is limited in its operations to the county of Adams. It has been in operation for more than 17 years, and in that period has made but *one* assessment, having paid losses by fire during that period amounting to $15,000. Any person desiring an Insurance can apply to either of the following gentlemen:

D. A. Buehler, Gettysburg.
E. G. Fahnestock, "
Jacob King, Straban township.
H. A. Picking, "
Frederick Diehl, Franklin "
Wm. Ross White, Liberty "
H. C. Peters, Petersburg, (Y. S.)

☞The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company, on the last Wednesday in every month, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

June 19, 1868. tf

REMOVED.

JOSEPH JACOBS,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

HAS REMOVED

NEXT DOOR TO J. W. CRESS'S STORE,

On Chambersburg street, near the Square,

A large assortment of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERS, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, &C.,

offered at the smallest profits. Goods bought at the Store CUT FREE OF CHARGE.

GOODS MADE UP with despatch, as well when bought at other Stores as at his own. Latest N. Y. Fashions received, and tailoring done in the most approved style. Cutting done, as usual.

The public's patronage solicited, and no effort spared to please.

JOSEPH JACOBS.

April 15, 1870. tf

LUMBER YARD

REMOVED.

THE undersigned has removed his Lumber Yard to the northeast corner of Stratton Street and the Railroad, but fifty yards from his old location, where he will be glad to have all in want of Lumber to call. His stock is larger than ever before, and constant additions are being made to it. He has

WHITE PINE PLANK, INCH AND HALF-INCH BOARDS, FLOORING, SCANTLING, PALINGS, &C., &C., &C.,

all of which will be sold at the lowest living rates. Call and judge for yourselves. My Lumber is good and cannot fail to give satisfaction.

JACOB SHEADS.

☞A large lot of RIVER PINE SHINGLES for sale very cheap.

Gettysburg, May 29, 1868. tf

IRON IN THE BLOOD.

Nature's Own Vitalizer.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP,

An Iron Tonic, without Alcohol,

Assimilates with the blood as easily as the simplest food, vitalizing and invigorating the whole system. It stimulates without reaction, builds up the broken-down, cures **Dyspepsia, Debility, Liver Complaint, Female Weakness, Dropsy, Humors, &c.,** and expels disease from the system by increasing Nature's own vitalizing element,—IRON.

Pamphlets free. J. P. DINSMORE, Proprietor, 36 Dey street, New York. Sold by druggists generally.

March 11, 1870. 1y eow

Pennsylvania House,

FRANKLIN STREET,

Between Paca and Greene Streets,

BALTIMORE, MD.

THIS Hotel has recently undergone thorough repairs, and having newly furnished it, I take pleasure in inviting the travelling public to give me a call, as I shall spare neither pains or expense to make all comfortable who favor me with their patronage.

WILLIAM DELPHEY,
Formerly Proprietor of Delphey House, Franklin St.

May 27, 1870. 6m

HOUSE PAINTING.

GEORGE A. WARNER, HOUSE PAINTER, South Washington St., Gettysburg, Pa. GOOD WORK AND MODERATE PRICES.

July 20 1867.

NORRIS' HEADQUARTERS!

On Southeast Corner of Centre Square,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

the Largest and Best Stock of

Fall and Winter Clothing,

THE LATEST STYLES OF

HATS & CAPS,

THE BEST MANUFACTURED

BOOTS & SHOES,

with a Variety of

WINTER UNDER-CLOTHING,

AND

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS OF EVERY VARIETY;

also a large assortment of

NOTIONS, TRUNKS,

and everything found in a Gentleman's Furnishing Store.

GIVE US A CALL.

Oct. 21, 1870. tf

THE

HAHNEMANN LIFE

INSURANCE COMPANY

OF

CLEVELAND, OHIO.

Cash Assets over - $550,000.

Cash Capital - - $200,000.

State Deposits - - $100,000.

THE POLICIES ARE ALL

NON-FORFEITABLE.

The surplus is annually contributed to the Policy Holders.

LARGE DIVIDENDS

are paid in CASH to Policy Holders.

During its whole experience it has never contested a claim.

Nearly all restrictions regarding travel, residence and occupation have been removed.

INSURES ON ALL THE POPULAR PLANS.

The Hahnemann has not only satisfied the strict laws of its own State, but all laws in all the States of the Union.

It has also adopted the cash system, which gives all their policies a surrender value.

J. W. SHEETS, General Agent,
Harrisburg, Pa.

**Rev. C. J. EHREHART, Special Agent,
Gettysburg, Pa.**

July 29, 1870. 1y

5-20's and 1881's

BOUGHT, SOLD AND EXCHANGED

ON

MOST LIBERAL TERMS.

GOLD

Bought and Sold at Market Rates.

COUPONS CASHED.

PACIFIC RAILROAD BONDS

BOUGHT AND SOLD.

STOCKS

Bought and Sold on Commission only.

Accounts received and Interest allowed on daily balances subject to check at sight.

De Haven & Brother,

NO. 40 SOUTH 3d STREET,

PHILADELPHIA, PENN'A.

July 8, 1870. (Mar18,1y)

WM. N. MILLER'S

Marble Works,

Corner of Baltimore and East Middle streets,

GETTYSBURG, PENN'A.

Every description of work executed in the finest style of the art.

All kinds of WROUGHT, CAST and WIRE RAILINGS furnished on the shortest notice.

June 17, 1870. tf

JOSEPH WIBLE. J. E. WIBLE.

JOSEPH WIBLE & SON,

Produce Dealers,

Southeast corner of Railroad and Washington streets,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

Highest cash price paid for all kinds of GRAIN, HAY, STRAW, and COUNTRY PRODUCE generally. Constantly on hand, for sale, all kinds of GROCERIES.

The best brands of FERTILIZERS constantly on hand, or secured at short notice.

April 22, 1870. tf

$1,140 How I made it in 6 mos. with Stencils. Samples mailed free. A. J. FULLAM N. Y. June 24. 6m

---

GREAT RUSH!

REBERT & ELLIOTT'S STORE,

IN GETTYSBURG,

WAS entered last week and a large quantity of Dry Goods, Notions, Queens-ware and Carpeting taken.

The parties are well known, but have thus far escaped arrest, as they left Greenbacks in exchange for Goods.

The persons who took the Goods are very well satisfied that they received more and better Goods for their money than they could have got at any other store.

COME ONE! COME ALL!

and examine our large assortment of

SILKS, GINGHAMS, LAWNS, BERAGES, ALPACCAS, &c;

CLOTHS, CASSIMERS, TWEEDS, JEANS, VESTINGS, &c.

Also, Carpets, Notions, Glass-ware, Queens-ware, and, indeed, a general assortment of everything belonging to a first-class store.

REMEMBER the place is opposite the Court-house, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, and that our motto is Fair Dealing and Small Profits.

April 22, 1870. tf

HARDWARE AND GROCERIES.

THE subscribers have just returned from the cities with an immense supply of

HARDWARE & GROCERIES,

which they are offering at their old stand in Baltimore street, at prices to suit the times. Our stock consists in part of

BUILDING MATERIALS,
CARPENTER'S TOOLS,
BLACKSMITH'S TOOLS,
COACH FINDINGS,
SHOE FINDINGS,
CABINET MAKER'S TOOLS,
HOUSEKEEPER'S FIXTURES,
ALL KINDS OF IRON, &c.,
GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS,
OILS, PAINTS, &c., &c.

There is no article included in the several departments mentioned above but what can be had at this store. Every class of Mechanics can be accommodated here with tools and findings, and Housekeepers can find every article in their line. Give us a call, as we are prepared to sell as low for cash as any house out of the city.

JOEL B. DANNER,
DAVID ZIEGLER.

Gettysburg, May 15, 1868.

WILLIAM CHRITZMAN,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

Carpenter & Contractor.

Having removed to my new Shop

On Washington street, between Middle and Chambersburg streets,

and introduced Steam Power, I am prepared to furnish all kinds of work for building purposes, of the best material, and as neatly and cheaply as it can be done at any other establishment in the county. Experienced hands always in readiness and work executed with promptness and dispatch.

☞Thankful for past favors, I hope by attention to business, to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

April 16, 1869. tf

DODGE'S

PATENT

REAPER AND MOWER,

AND SELF-RAKER.

THIS machine has met with the most complete success. In every section where it has been introduced, it has taken precedence over those machines which have heretofore ranked as first class. It is a perfect self-raker and a superior mower.

A careful examination will convince any one of its superior merits over all others, in *simplicity, strength and durability.* As a self-raking reaper it has no equal to our knowledge.

The Dodge Rake is attached to no other machine in the United States except to this machine. Built by the Dodge & Stevenson Manufacturing Company, Auburn, New York.

READ THE NOTICE OF THE COMPANY

TO OUR AGENTS.—Having been informed that certain manufacturers in Ohio and elsewhere are building Reapers with Dodge's Self-Rake attached, we ask you to furnish us the names of all persons vending or purchasing such machines, as we have never licensed any person or persons to manufacture said Self-Rake, or any part thereof, and will prosecute to the full extent of the law, all persons manufacturing, selling or using said Self-Rake, except of our own manufacture.

JOHN A. DODGE, Pres't.

We have that confidence in this machine that we are willing to let those wanting a machine test it with any other machine they may wish, and keep the one that gives the most satisfaction.

Farmers wanting Droppers attached, can be accommodated.

For the benefit of those wanting machines, we would refer them to a few of those to whom we have sold, viz:

Henry Culp,	Peter Mackley,
John B. Lees,	Wm. Furney,
Jesse D. Newman,	Elisha Penrose,
George F. Minter,	John Deardorff,
Abraham Waybright,	Ephraim Lady,
David Plank,	Jonathan Wisler,
John Hockersmith,	James Mickley,
Peter Kelleman,	Daniel Settle,
Henry Shriver,	John Bender,
Christian Shriver,	John Eckert,
Ross Hunter,	Henry King,
John Lower,	Andrew Welkert,
John N. Boyer,	J. J. Kerr,
George Philips,	

A FEW SECOND-HAND REAPERS on hand. Also Wire-tooth HAY RAKES, of different makes, amongst which is the BRANDT RAKE; PLOUGHS, of different kinds; THRESHER AND SEPARATOR, one of the best and cheapest ever offered in the county; HARRISBURG FANNING MILL, and FARM IMPLEMENTS generally.

Persons wishing to examine machines will find them at the warehouse of Joseph Wible & Son, Gettysburg, Pa., or at the residence of the subscriber, 2 miles from Gettysburg, on the Harrisburg road.

EXTRAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND, in case of breakage. Persons wanting circulars will please address the subscriber, Gettysburg, Pa.

WM. WIBLE, Agent.

May 27, 1870. tf

NEW GOODS!

And New Firm, at Arendtsville.

THE new firm of Cover & Raffensperger offer to the people of Arendtsville and surrounding country, far and near, a very choice stock of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE, &c.,

all of which they are selling at the smallest profits. The assortment is large and varied, and cannot but suit all wants and tastes. They will do their best to please, and ask a trial. Call in and examine goods and prices.

COVER & RAFFENSPERGER.

☞Also a lot of good Chestnut Rails for sale.

April 15, 1870. tf

HOWE MACHINES!

THE LATEST IMPROVED AND GENUINE

ELIAS HOWE, JR.,

SEWING MACHINES.

JACOB F. THOMAS, Agent,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

York street, next door to N. Colorl & Son.

Orders will be promptly attended to. Machines delivered to all parts of the county and instructions given gratis.

☞The public are cautioned against parties who use the name of HOWE in connection with their machines on account of the popularity of the Howe Machines. There are none GENUINE unless they have imbedded in each machine a medallion having the likeness of ELIAS HOWE, Jr., on it, &c.

May 20, 1870. tf

FARM IMPLEMENTS.

WILLOUGHBY'S

GUM SPRING DRILL.

THE best Drill in use, will sow all kinds of Grain without changing any part of the Drill.

Can furnish them with or without the GUANO ATTACHMENT.

Guaranteed to do good work. Also, the

Harrisburg Fanning Mill,

made in New York. Equally as good as the mills formerly sold in this county.

SEPARATORS AND THRESHERS, CLOVER HULLERS, STEEL PLOUGHS, &C., FARMING IMPLEMENTS GENERALLY.

WM. WIBLE.

Aug. 1, 1868.

NEW INVENTION,

AND ONE OF THE BEST.

IMPROVEMENT IN

SAWING MACHINES.

THE undersigned has obtained a patent from the United States for an IMPROVEMENT IN SAWING MACHINES, to which he desires to draw public attention. It is designed for the sawing of cord wood, cutting into three pieces at one operation. The machine is turned by hand, and one man can easily cut six cords of wood in a day with it. But little power is required, any boy being able to turn it. Added to these advantages, the machine is strong and durable, and not likely to get out of order. Nothing more serviceable in its way has yet been introduced.

Rights for Townships in Adams county for sale. Apply to or address

NOAH F. HERSH,
Round Hill P. O., Adams co., Pa.

Dec. 10, 1869. tf

TO PHYSICIANS.

New York, August 15th, 1868.

Allow me to call your attention to my PREPARATION OF COMPOUND EXTRACT BUCHU. The component parts are BUCHU, LONG LEAF, CUBEBS, JUNIPER BERRIES.

MODE OF PREPARATION.—Buchu, in vacuo, Juniper Berries, by distillation, form a fine gin. Cubebs extracted by displacement with spirits obtained from Juniper Berries; very little sugar is used, and a small proportion of spirit. It is more palatable than any now in use.

Buchu, as prepared by Druggists, is of a dark color. It is a plant that emits its fragrance; the action of a flame destroys this (its active principle,) leaving a dark and glutinous decoction. Mine is the color of ingredients. The Buchu in my preparation predominates; the smallest quantity of the other ingredients are added, to prevent fermentation; upon inspection it will be found not to be a Tincture, as made in Pharmacopea, nor is it a Syrup—and therefore can be used in cases where fever or inflammation exist. In this, you have the knowledge of the ingredients and the mode of preparation.

Hoping that you will favor it with a trial, and that upon inspection it will meet with your approbation,

With a feeling of confidence,
I am, very respectfully,
H. T. HELMBOLD,
Chemist and Druggist of 16 Years' Experience

From the Largest Manufacturing Chemist in the World.

NOVEMBER 4, 1854.

"I am acquainted with Mr. H. T. Helmbold; he occupied the Drug Store opposite my residence, and was successful in conducting the business where others had not been equally so before him. I have been favorably impressed with his character and enterprise."

WILLIAM WEIGHTMAN,
Firm of Powers & Weightman, Manufacturing Chemists, Ninth and Brown Streets, Philadelphia.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU, for weakness arising from indiscretion. The exhausted powers of Nature which are accompanied by so many alarming symptoms, among which will be found, Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Memory, Wakefulness, Horror of Disease, or Forebodings of Evil; in fact, Universal Lassitude, Prostration, and inability to enter into the enjoyments of society.

The constitution, once affected with Organic Weakness, requires the aid of medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system, which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity ensues.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT OF BUCHU, in affections peculiar to Females, is unequalled by any other preparation, as in Chlorosis, or Retention, Painfulness or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrus State of the Uterus, and all complaints incident to the sex, or the decline or change of life.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU AND IMPROVED ROSE WASH will radically exterminate from the system diseases arising from habits of dissipation, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience or exposure; completely superseding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copaiva and Mercury, in all these diseases.

USE HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU in all diseases of these organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in taste and odor, "immediate" in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from broken-down or delicate constitutions, procure the remedy at once.

The reader must be aware that, however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to affect the bodily health and mental powers.

All the above diseases require the aid of a Diuretic. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diuretic.

Sold by Druggists everywhere. PRICE $1.25 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $6.50. Delivered to any address. Describe the symptoms in all communications.

Address H. T. HELMBOLD, Drug and Chemical Warehouse, 594 Broadway, N. Y.

NONE ARE GENUINE UNLESS DONE UP in steel-engraved wrapper, with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed

H. T. HELMBOLD.

May 13, 1870. 1y

NEW GROCERY

AND

NOTION STORE.

THE undersigned would most respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has opened a first-class FAMILY GROCERY AND NOTION STORE, in York Street, in the room lately occupied by A. Eckert, nearly opposite Christian's Bakery, Gettysburg, where he will constantly keep for sale a large stock of goods in his line. He has just returned from the city with a full assortment—everything fresh and of the best—and bought at the latest decline. He therefore offers

SUGARS, COFFEES, TEAS, SYRUPS,

Molasses, Rice, Spices, Soaps, Hams, Shoulders, Sides, Fish, Salt, Brooms, Buckets, Queensware, Glassware, Crockery ware, Cedarware, Lamps, Oils,

NOTIONS, CONFECTIONS, FRUITS,

Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Prunes, Raisins, Dates, a large variety of fine Segars, Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos, &c. Also at all times the best of

FLOUR AND MEAL,

Dried Fruit, Apples, Potatoes, &c.

He will keep his stock full and fresh, and sell at the lowest living profits. Give him a call and examine goods and prices. No trouble to show goods and no effort to please spared.

J. M. WALTER.

Sept. 30, 1870. tf

LOOK HERE!

THE undersigned has leased the Warehouse on the corner of Stratton street and the Railroad, in Gettysburg, where he will carry on the

Grain and Produce Business

in all its branches. The highest prices will always be paid for Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Clover and Timothy Seeds, Flaxseed, Sumac, Hay and Straw, Dried Fruit, Nuts, Soap, Hams, Shoulders and Sides, Potatoes, with everything else in the country produce line.

Groceries, of all kinds,

constantly on hand and for sale: Coffees, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Teas, Spices, Salt, Cheese, Vinegar, Soda, Mustard, Starch, Brooms, Buckets, Blacking, Soaps, &c. Also COAL OIL, Fish Oil, Tar, &c. FISH of all kinds; Spikes and Nails, Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos.

They are always able to supply a first rate article of Flour, with the different kinds of Feed.

Also, Ground Plaster, with Guanos and other fertilizers. COAL, by the bushel, ton or car load.

We will also run

Lines of Freight Cars

to No. 165 North Howard street, BALTIMORE, and 811 Market street, PHILADELPHIA. All goods sent to either of the above places will be received and forwarded promptly. Goods should be marked "CRESS' CAR."

JOHN CRESS.

April 9, 1869. tf

HUBER'S

DRUG STORE,

BALTIMORE STREET,..... GETTYSBURG

We are weekly receiving fresh supplies of

BAKING SODA, CREAM OF TARTAR, ALL THE POPULAR HAIR PREPARATIONS, AND PATENT MEDICINES OF THE DAY, TOILET ARTICLES, FRAGRANT PERFUMES, FINE SOAPS & COSMETICS, HAIR AND TOOTH BRUSHES.

Particular attention given to compounding

DYE STUFFS FOR FAMILY USES.

Just received a large supply of BURTON'S ANTIDOTE FOR TOBACCO, and INDELIBLE PENCILS for marking Linen, &c.

We guarantee our

Drugs and Medicines

to be pure and fresh, and to give satisfaction.

Special attention given to

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS

AND

FAMILY RECEIPTS.

Everything usually found in a first-class

Drug and Prescription Store,

is to be found at Hubers'. Prices low. Call in and be convinced.

We offer special inducements to Physicians and Country Dealers.

FORNEY'S

Horse & Cattle Powder.

This Preparation has become a great favorite with the people of Adams county—will thoroughly reinvigorate broken down and low spirited horses, by strengthening and cleansing the stomach and intestines. It is a sure preventive of all diseases. Its use improves the wind, increases the appetite, gives a smooth and glossy skin, and transforms the skeleton into a fine looking and spirited horse.

To keepers of Cows this preparation is invaluable. It increases the quantity and improves the quality of the milk and makes the Butter firm and sweet. In fattening Cattle it gives them an appetite, loosens their hides and makes them thrive much faster.

In all diseases of swine this article acts as a specific; by putting from a quarter to half a paper in a barrel of swill, the diseases will be eradicated or entirely prevented. If given in time a certain preventive for Cholera. Price 10 cents per pound paper, 5 for $1.

PREPARED BY

JOHN M. HUBER, DRUGGIST,

BALTIMORE STREET,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

☞For sale by Samuel J. Shorb, Bonaughtown, and J. C. Neely, Hunter-town.

March 12, 1869. tf

NEW FIRM.

BIGHAM & BROTHER.

Forwarding and Commission House.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

THE undersigned, having entered into partnership under the firm of Bigham & Brother, will carry on the Forwarding and Commission business, at the old stand, on the corner of Washington and Railroad streets, and devote to it their entire time and attention. The HIGHEST MARKET PRICE will be paid at all times for Grain and Produce.

☞A regular line of Freight Cars will leave our Warehouse every TUESDAY NOON, for Baltimore and Philadelphia, and accommodation trains will be run as occasion may require. By this arrangement we are prepared to convey Freight at all times to and from these cities. All business of this kind entrusted to us, will be promptly attended to. Our cars run to the Warehouse of Stevenson & Sons, 165 North Howard street, Baltimore, and to Burk's Warehouse, 811 Market street, Philadelphia.

We will also keep constantly on hand the best of

GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS,

Coffee, Sugar, Tea, Spices, Fish, Salt, Syrups, Oils, Tobacco, Bacon, Lard, &c., which will be sold at lowest cash rates.

WM. M. BIGHAM,
JAMES BIGHAM.

Aug. 12, 1870. tf

GETTYSBURG BAKERY.

THE Firm of Newport & Ziegler having been dissolved, the undersigned will continue the Baking business, in all its branches, at the old stand,

Corner of South Washington and West Middle streets, Gettysburg, Pa.

All kinds of

CRACKERS AND CAKES,

BREAD, ROLLS, PRETZELS, &C.,

constantly baked and always to be had fresh.

With many years experience, and every disposition to please, he feels that he can promise satisfaction in all cases. Orders solicited, and promptly attended to. With many thanks for the patronage bestowed on the old firm, its continuance is asked.

BALTZER NEWPORT.

April 2, 1869. tf

REMOVAL.

JOHN W. TIPTON,

FASHIONABLE BARBER,

OPPOSITE the Eagle Hotel, Gettysburg, Pa., where he can at all times be found ready to attend to all business in his line. He has also an excellent assistant and will insure satisfaction. Give him a call.

April 2, 1869. tf

REMOVAL.

S. R. TIPTON,

BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER,

HAS removed his shop to the north-east corner of the Diamond, Gettysburg, where he will be glad to have the calls of his old friends and the public generally. Everything done in the best style of the art, that all may be pleased.

April 2, 1869. tf

WESTERN

Pre-Emption Lands.

I HAVE on hand a few TRACTS of No. 1 second hand, preemption lands, located near Railroads, County Towns, &c., in well settled neighborhoods, which I will sell or exchange at a fair price for Real Estate in Adams county, Pa.

GEORGE ARNOLD.

Feb. 7. tf

THE GETTYSBURG COMPILER
IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY,
BY H. J. STAHLE.

TERMS.—Two DOLLARS per annum in a[dvance]—TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENT[S if not] paid in advance. No subscriptio[n dis]continued, unless at the option of t[he pub]lisher, until all arrearages are paid.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the usu[al rates] —Large reduction to those who ad[vertise] by the year.

JOB PRINTING, of every description—fr[om the] smallest label or card to the largest bill or poster—done with dispatch [in a] workmanlike manner, and at the living rates.

OFFICE on Baltimore street, a few doors [below] the Court-House, on the opposite [side], with "Gettysburg Compiler Office" [on the] building.

Attornies, Physicians, &

WILLIAM M'CLEAN. H. B. W[OODS.]

McCLEAN & WOODS,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, GETTYSBURG. Office on Baltimore street, same buil[ding] occupied by the late firm of M. & W. Mc[Clean.] Nov. 18, 1870. tf

EDWARD B. BUEHLER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Will faithfully and p[rompt]ly attend to all business entrusted to [him.] He speaks the German language. [Office at] the same place, in South Baltimore [street,] near Huber's drug store, and nearly [oppo]site Danner & Ziegler's store. Gettysburg, March 20.

JOHN M. KRAUTH,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Gettysburg, [Pa.] Collections and all legal business pr[omptly] attended to. Office on Baltimore street, south [of the] Court-house. July 16, 1869. tf

D. McCONAUGHY.

ATTORNEY AT LAW, office one doo[r west] of Buehler's Drug Store, Chambersb[urg street.] Special attention given to suits, colle[ctions] and settlement of estates. All legal [busi]ness and claims to Pensions, Bounty, [Back] Pay, and Damages against United Sta[tes, at] all times, promptly and efficiently a[ttend]ed to. Land Warrants located, and choice [farms] for sale in Iowa and other Western Sta[tes.] July 16, 1869. tf

WM. A. DUNCAN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Will promptly attend to all business entrusted to him. Office in North west corner of the Dia[mond,] Gettysburg, Penn'a. April 16, 1867. tf

J. C. NEELY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Particular attention p[aid to] collection of Pensions, Bounty, and [Back] pay. Office in Carlisle street, three doo[rs from] the Square. Gettysburg, April 22, 1870. tf

Dr. J. W. C. O'NEAL'S

OFFICE AND DWELLING, A few doors f[rom] N. E. corner of Baltimore and High s[treets,] near the Presbyterian Church, Gettysbu[rg.] April 11, 1867.

Dr. W. J. McCLURE,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCH[EUR,] Having permanently located in New O[xford,] will practice his profession in all its bra[nches.] His friends and all others desiring hi[s pro]fessional services are requested to ca[ll or] consult him at his office, in Hanover st[reet.] May 20, 1867. tf

Dr. F. C. WOLF,

HAVING LOCATED AT EAST BE[RLIN,] ADAMS COUNTY, Hopes that by strict attention to his [profes]sional duties he may merit a share o[f the] public patronage. April 2, 1866. tf

Dr. H. S. HUBER,

S. E. CORNER CHAMBERSBURG [AND] WASHINGTON Streets, opposite [Eagle] Hotel. May 11, 1866. tf

Dr. J. L. BAKER,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, MIL[LERS]TOWN, Adams county, Pa. Office i[n] the Square. Will promptly attend to all calls, unless otherwise professionally engaged. Aug. 7, 1868. tf

Dr. J. E. BERKSTRESSER,

DENTIST, having located in Gettysbu[rg, of]fers his services to the public. Off[ice in] the southeast corner of the Dia[mond,] where he will be prepared to attend [to any] case within the province of the Dentist. [Per]sons in want of full or partial sets of [teeth] are invited to call. Terms reasonable. Nov 11, 1870. tf

J. LAWRENCE HILL, M. D.,

DENTIST, Has his office one door w[est of the] Lutheran church in Chambersburg st[reet,] opposite Dr. C. Horner's office, where [those] wishing to have any Dental operat[ion per]formed are respectfully invited to call. [Refer]ences: Drs. Horner, Rev. Prof. M. [Jacobs,] D. D. Gettysburg, April 11, '53.

WATCHES!! WATCHES

LEWIS STROUSE

Is largely engaged in the Watch tra[de.] Has just returned from New York, with a[n un]usually attractive assortment. He offe[rs] bargains as cannot fail to be accepta[ble to] buyers. His stock embraces a large lot o[f]

CELEBRATED "AMERICAN WATC[HES,"]

GOLD AND SILVER, viz:

"P. S. Bartlett," "Wm. Ellery," "and "A[ppleton] & Tracy;"

with Watches of almost all other ma[kes.]

If you want CHEAP and GOOD Watch, e[xamine.]

LEWIS STROUS[E,] At his old Stand, Carlisle str[eet,] nearly opposite the Depot, Gettysburg.

☞He continues the Grocery, Notio[n and] Confectionery business, as heretofore.

June 21, 1867. tf

SAVE YOUR HORSES!

Patent Elastic Cork Ho[rse] Collars.

THE undersigned has for sale these C[ELE]BRATED COLLARS, manufactured [by] Hair & Berry, Philadelphia, which are [now] used by all the City Passenger Railroad C[om]panies for the protection of their stock. [They] are lighter in weight, absorb no m[oisture] and do not heat. The Cork with which [they] are stuffed being very elastic, the colla[r ad]justs to the shape of the animal, and [con]sequently does not chafe. Farmers, [try] them. Also,

HARNESS

of all kinds for sale and made to order, at my establishment on Carlisle street, [Get]tysburg, Pa., adjoining the Passenger D[epot.] May 27, 1870. tf JOHN CU[LP.]

NEW BUSINESS.

Upholstering and Trimming.

WILLIAM E. CULP has opened an e[stab]lishment opposite Weaver's Liver[y Sta]ble, in Washington street, for COVER[ING] SOFAS, CHAIRS, MATTRESSES, &c., [up]holstering in all its branches.

He also continues his old business of T[RIM]MING BUGGIES, CARRIAGES, &c., an[d so]licits from the public their patronage. Charges moderate.

WILLIAM E. CU[LP.]

Gettysburg, Dec. 11, 1868. tf

A GREAT OFFER.

HORACE WATERS,

481 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,

Will dispose of ONE HUNDRED PIA[NOS,] MELODEONS and ORGANS of six first [class] makers, including Chickering & Sons, [at] EXTREMELY LOW PRICES FOR CASH, DU[RING] THIS MONTH, or will take from $5 t[o $25] monthly until paid. June 10, 1870.

$1,000 REWARD

For any case of *Blind, Bleeding or It[ching]* *PILES* that DE BING'S PILE REMEDY fa[ils to] cure. It has cured cases of 20 years stand[ing.] Try it, and get rid of the most troubl[esome] disease flesh is heir to. SOLD BY ALL D[RUG]GISTS.

Laboratory—142 Franklin st., Baltimore, May 27, 1870. 1y

Sale Crying.

A. W. FLEMMING continues the busi[ness] of SALE CRYING, and solicits the [con]tinued patronage of the public. It [is his] constant endeavor to give satisfa[ction.] Charges moderate. Residence in West [Mid]dle street, Gettysburg.

P. S.—He is a licensed Auctioneer, u[nder] the Tax Law of the United States.

Nov. 24, 1862.

LONGEST ROOF.

In the United States is on Rinek's Son's [fac]tory, Easton, Pa.—one third of a mile l[ong] and is covered with

READY ROOFING.

CHEAP, DURABLE and easily applied. S[end] for circular and samples to the manufactu[rers,] READY ROOFING C[O.,] No. 64 Courtland St., New Yo[rk.]

June 10, 1870. 1y

Cemetery Removals.

BEING Keeper, the undersigned is [au]thorized to make removals into E[vergreen] Cemetery, and hopes that such as [con]template the removal of the remains of [de]ceased relatives or friends will avail th[em]selves of this season of the year to hav[e it] done. Removals made with promptne[ss,] terms low, and no effort spared to please.

PETER THORN,
Keeper of the Cemete[ry.]

March 12, 1870.

Licensed Conveyancer.

H. G. WOLF will attend to the WRIT[ING] OF DEEDS, BONDS, AGREEMEN[TS,] MORTGAGES, &c., and to the making ou[t of] DAMAGE CLAIMS, with accuracy. A[ny]thing entrusted to him will be promptly [at]tended to. Office in the Clerk of the Co[urt's] office, Gettysburg, Pa.

Nov 6. 186[?] tf

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